Central University of Punjab



Course Structure and Syllabus

M.Sc. Chemistry

Batch 2023

Department of Chemistry School of Basic Sciences

Graduate Attributes

Graduate attributes are the understanding, skills, and qualities that Department of Chemistry along with CUPB community agrees with where the M. Sc. Chemistry students should develop these characteristics during the time spent in the institution.

The Graduates will be able to identify various aspects of chemicals and their importance in consumer products. After completing M.Sc. in Chemistry, the graduates will have comprehensive knowledge and understanding of all the domains of Chemical Sciences, for application in multidisciplinary environments including biological, chemical and physical sciences. They will have sufficient expertise in problem solving by applying critical, creative and evidence based thinking to conceive innovative responses to future challenges.

They will engage in professional behavior and have entrepreneurial potential and will be able to take leadership roles in their occupations, careers and community with ethical behavior. They will be able to contribute to multicultural, IT revolutionized and sustainable society/policy with the attributes of global citizens. Moreover, this program will help the graduates to make their bright career in academic, research, and industry.

Semester I

S. No.	Paper Code	Course Title Course		L	T***	P	Cr
			Type				
1	CHM.506	Fundamental Biology *	CF	3	0	0	3
1	CHM.507	Fundamental Mathematics**	CF	3	0	0	3
2	CHM.509	norganic Chemistry – I C			0	0	3
3	CHM.510	Organic Chemistry – I	rganic Chemistry – I C			0	3
4	CHM.511	Physical Chemistry – I	nysical Chemistry – I C			0	3
5	CHM.524	Spectroscopic Analysis	CF	3	0	0	3
6	CHM.513	organic Chemistry (Practical) SB		0	0	4	2
7	CHM.514	Organic Chemistry (Practical) SB			0	4	2
		Total		15	0	8	19

^{*}Student having studied mathematics in B.Sc. need to opt this course

C: Core Course, CF: Compulsory Foundation, SB: Skill Based.

^{**} Student having studied life sciences in B.Sc. need to opt this course

^{***} One non-credit hour (two contact hours) for Individualized Education Plan/tutorial

Semester II

S. No.	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T***	P	Cr
1	CHM.521	Inorganic Chemistry – II	С	3	0	0	3
2	CHM.522	Organic Chemistry – II	C	3	0	0	3
3	CHM.523	Physical Chemistry – II	C	3	0	0	3
4	CHM.525	Molecular Spectroscopy	С	3	0	0	3
5	CHM.527	Physical Chemistry (Practical)	SB	0	0	4	2
6	CHM.529	Computational and Structural Chemistry (Practical)	SB	0	0	4	2
Opt	Any One (01)	Discipline Elective Courses/MOOC					
7	CHM.526	Strategies in Synthesis	DE	3	0	0	
8	CHM.575	Chemistry of Natural Products	Chemistry of Natural Products DE		0	0	3
9	CHM.580	Supramolecular Chemistry DE		3	0	0	
10	CHM.560	Solid State Chemistry	DE	3	0	0	
11	XXX.XXX	Interdisciplinary Course#	ID	2	0	0	2
Tota	ıl Credit (Hou	urs)		17	0	8	21
Inte	rdisciplinary	Course Offered by Department for other	Departm	ents			
12	CHM.515	Basics Perspective in Inorganic Chemistry	ID	2	0	0	2
13	CHM.516	Introduction to Green Chemistry and Sustainability			0	0	2
14	CHM.517	· ·		0	0	2	
15	CHM.518	General Laboratory Practices	ID	2	0	0	2
16	CHM.519	Chemicals of Everyday Life	ID	2	0	0	2
17	CHM.508	Chemistry of Drug Design and Synthesis	ID	2	0	0	2

[#] To be opted from other departments at the start of the Semester with prior consent of course coordinator and HoD.

C: Core Course, SB: Skill Based, DE: Discipline Elective Courses, ID: Interdisciplinary Course.

^{***} One non-credit hour (two contact hours) for Individualized Education Plan/tutorial

Semester III

S. No.	Paper Code	Course Title Course Type		L	T***	P	Cr
1	CHM.551	Inorganic Chemistry-III C			0	0	3
2	CHM.552	Organic Chemistry-III	C	3	0	0	3
3	CHM.553	Bioinorganic and Biophysical Chemistry	C	3	0	0	3
4	CHM.556	Advanced Chemistry-I (Practical)	SB	0	0	4	2
5	CHM.586	Entrepreneurship	CF	2	0	0	2
6	XXX	Value Added Course*	VAC	2	0	0	2
7	CHM.600	Dissertation Part-I	SB	0	0	8	4
Opt A	ny Two (02)	Discipline Elective Courses/MOOC		6	0	0	6
8	CHM.520	Green Chemistry	DE	3	0	0	3
9	CHM.561	Polymer Chemistry	DE	3	0	0	3
10	CHM.562	Inorganic Photochemistry	DE	3	0	0	3
11	CHM.574	Advanced Organic Synthesis	Advanced Organic Synthesis DE		0	0	3
12	CHM.576	Organotransition Metal Chemistry DE		3	0	0	3
13	CMC.510	Medicinal Chemistry-I	DE	3	0	0	3
14	CMC.523	Fundamentals of Computer Aided Drug Design	DE	3	0	0	3
15	BCH.508	Biomolecules and Bioenergetics	DE	3	0	0	3
	Value	Added Course offered by Department to	other Depa	artme	nts		
16	CHM.528	Protein Chemistry	VAC	2	0	0	2
17	CHM.531	Biological Inorganic Chemistry VAC		2	0	0	2
18	CHM.532	Spectroscopic and Chromatographic Techniques VAC		2	0	0	2
	C (Total		19	0	12	25

C: Core Course, **SB**: Skill-Based Course, **CF**: Compulsory Foundation, **DE**: Discipline Elective Courses, **VAC**: Value-added Course

^{*} To be opted at the start of the Semester and would be run at the university level. Student has to opt by forwarding a letter through HoD to the course coordinator and booking the seat for the course.

^{***} One non-credit hour (two contact hours) for Individualized Education Plan/tutorial

Semester-IV

S. No.	Paper Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	Cr
1	CHM.601	Dissertation Part-II	SB	0	0	40	20
		Total		0	0	40	20

SB: Skill Based Course

Examination pattern and evaluation for Masters' students from 2023-24 session onwards

Formative Evaluation: Internal assessment shall be 25 marks using any two or more of the given methods: tests, open book examination, assignments, term paper, etc. The Mid-semester test shall be descriptive type of 25 marks including short answer and essay type. The number of questions and distribution of marks shall be decided by the teachers.

Summative Evaluation: The End semester examination (50 marks) with 70% descriptive type and 30% objective type shall be conducted at the end of the semester. The objective type shall include one-word/sentence answers, fill-in the blanks, MCQs', and matching. The descriptive type shall include short answer and essay type questions. The number of questions and distribution of marks shall be decided by the teachers. Questions for exams and tests shall be designed to assess course learning outcomes along with focus on knowledge, understanding, application, analysis, synthesis, and evaluation.

The evaluation for IDC, VAC and entrepreneurship, innovation and skill development courses shall include MST (50 marks) and ESE (50 marks). The pattern of examination for both MST and ESE shall be same as ESE described above for other courses.

Evaluation of dissertation proposal in the third semester shall include 50% weightage by supervisor and 50% by HoD and senior-most faculty of the department. The evaluation of dissertation in the fourth semester shall include 50% weightage for continuous evaluation by the supervisor for regularity in work, mid-term evaluation, report of dissertation, presentation, and final viva-voce; 50% weightage based on average assessment scores by an external expert, HoD and senior-most faculty of the department. Distribution of marks is based on report of dissertation (30%), presentation (10%), and final viva-voce (10%). The external expert may attend final viva-voce through offline or online mode.

Examination pattern from 2022-23 session onwards

Core,	Discipline	Elective	, and	Compulsory	IDC,	VA	C,	and	Entrepreneurship,
Founda	tion Courses				Innova	ation a	nd S	kill De	velopment Courses
		Marks	Evaluat	ion	Marks		Eva	luation	
Interna	1	25	Various	s methods	-		-		
Assessi	ment								

Mid-semester test	25	Descriptive	50	Descriptive (70%)
(MST)				Objective (30%)
End-semester exam	50	Descriptive (70%)	50	Descriptive (70%)
(ESE)		Objective (30%)		Objective (30%)

Dissertation Prop	rd Semester)	Dissertation (Four	rth Semes	ster)	
	Marks	Evaluation		Marks	Evaluation
Supervisor	50	Dissertation proposal and presentation	Supervisor	50	Continuous assessment (regularity in work, midterm evaluation) dissertation report, presentation, final vivavoce
HoD and senior- most faculty of the department	50	Dissertation proposal and presentation	External expert, HoD and senior- most faculty of the department	50	Dissertation report (30), presentation (10), final viva-voce (10)

Marks for internship shall be given by the supervisor, HoD and senior-most faculty of the department.

Some Guidelines for Internal Assessment

- 1. The components/pattern of internal assessment/evaluation should be made clear to students during the semester.
- 2. The results of the internal assessment must be shown to the students.
- 3. The question papers and answers of internal assessment should be discussed in the class.
- 4. The internal assessment shall be transparent and student-friendly and free from personal bias or influence.

Course Title: Fundamental Biology (Non-medical group)

Paper Code: CHM.506 Total Contact Hours: 30

L	T	P	Cr
3	0	0	3

Learning Outcome: After this course completion, students will be able to

- **CLO1:** Interpret molecular structure and interactions present in proteins, nucleic acids, carbohydrates and lipids.
- **CLO2:** Demonstrate the organization and working principles of various components present in the living cell.
- **CLO3:** Apply the knowledge of Physical principles of structure, function, and folding of biomolecules.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 7 Hours	Introduction: Cell structure and functions, thermodynamics and kinetics of biological processes, ATP. Role of water in life, pH, Acidic and basic buffers, Biological buffers, solution equilibria, Henderson-Hasselbalch equation, Hofmeister series, Chaotropic and kosmotropic ions/co-solvents. Peer discussion on role of buffers in Biological system and stability of drug formulations	CLO1, CLO2
Unit-2 8 Hours	Amino Acids and Peptides: Classification and properties of amino acids, peptide and polypeptides, primary structures, structure of peptide bond, synthesis of peptides, different protecting groups in peptide chemistry, N-terminal, C-terminal and sequence determination. Carbohydrates: Biologically important monosaccharides, disaccharides and polysaccharides and glycoproteins. Importance of peptides and carbohydrates in the context of biology through peer learning	CLO2
Unit-3 7 Hours	Proteins: Secondary structure of proteins with emphasize on supramolecular characteristics of alpha-helix, beta-helix, tertiary structure of protein-folding, quaternary structure of protein, in-vivo and in-vitro protein folding, protein misfolding and conformational diseases. Secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of Proteins: Classroom debate	CLO3
Unit-4 7 Hours	Nucleic Acids: Purine and pyrimidine bases, nucleotides, nucleosides, base pairing <i>via</i> H-bonding, structure of ribonucleic acids (RNA) and deoxyribonucleic acids (DNA), double helix model of DNA, different types of RNA and their functions, the chemical basis for heredity. Lipids: Lipid classification, lipid bilayers, lipoproteins-composition. High density (HDL) and low-density (LDL) lipoproteins and function. 3D structures of DNA, RNA: Peer discussion	CLO1, CLO2, CLO3

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

- 1. Voet, D., Voet, J. G., and Pratt, C. W. (2018). *Principle of Biochemistry*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Berg, J. M., Stryer, L., and Tymoczko, J. L. (2015). StryerBiochemie. Springer-Verlag.
- 3. Garrett, R. H., and Grisham, C. M. (2013). *Biochemistry*, Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning.

- 4. Conn, E., and Stumpf, P. (2009). Outlines of Biochemistry. John Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Frenkel-Pinter, M., Samanta, M., Ashkenasy, G., Leman, L.J. Prebiotic Peptides: Molecular Hubs in the Origin of Life, *Chem. Rev.* 2020, 120, 11, 4707–4765.
- 6. Shivatare, S. S., Wong, C-H. Synthetic Carbohydrate Chemistry and Translational Medicine, J. *Org. Chem.* 2020, 85, 24, 15780–15800

Course Title: Fundamental Mathematics

Paper Code: CHM.507 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

L	T	P	Cr
3	0	0	3

- **CLO1:** Interpret and apply the graphical representation of various complex, quadratic trigonometric and logarithmic functions.
- **CLO2:** Recognize and apply the series, sequence and Binomial expansions in various chemical applications.
- **CLO3:** Apply the physical understanding of differential calculus for functions and their graphical behaviour.
- **CLO4:** Demonstrate and apply the various mathematical operations including matrix operations, differentiation, integration, and differential equations for common problems in chemistry.
- **CLO5:** Demonstrate and apply the statistical methods in experimental evaluations in chemistry.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1 11 Hours	Trigonometric functions: Trigonometric operations for sum and differences of angles, addition and subtraction formulas. Algebra: Polynomial equations and their solutions: binomial theorem and expansion. Common series and expansions used in chemistry. Complex Algebra: Complex numbers, the graphical interpretation of complex numbers, characterizations of the exponential function, the trigonometric functions of complex argument (e ^{iq} , e ^{-iq}). <i>Peer discussion on the functions and their characteristics graphical behaviours</i>	CLO1, CLO2
Unit 2 12 Hours	Differential Calculus Functions, limits, continuity, first principle of differentiation, basic rules of differentiation, maxima and minima, exact and inexact differentials, partial differentiation, application to solution of potential energy, van der Waals radii, velocity and Boltzmann distribution. Matrix Algebra: Addition and multiplication; inverse, adjoint and transpose of matrices, matrix equation, Introduction to vector spaces, matrix Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, diagonalization, determinants (examples from Huckel theory). Problem solving approach and revisiting problems in chemistry at undergraduate level quantum chemistry on matrix based solutions.	CLO3, CLO4
Unit 3 11 Hours	Integral Calculus Basic rules for integration, integration by parts, partial fraction and substitution, definite integrals, evaluation of definite and some standard integrals related to chemistry Elementary Differential Equations: Variables-separable and exact, first-order differential equations, homogenous, exact and linear equations. Applications to chemical kinetics, quantum chemistry, etc. solutions of differential equations by the power series method, spherical harmonics, second order differential equations and their solutions. Brainstorming and Problem solving approach for integral calculus and differential equations in chemistry related problems	

Unit 4	Basic Statistics: Measures of central tendency and dispersal, CLO5
11 Hours	Histograms, Probability distributions (Binomial, Poisson and Normal), Sampling distribution, Kurtosis and Skewness. Confidence interval, Errors, Levels of significance, Hypothesis testing.
	Comparing means of two or more groups: Student's t-test, Paired t-test, Mann-Whitney U-test, Wilcoxon signed-rank, One-way and two-way analysis of variance (ANOVA), χ2 test.
	Regression and correlation: Standard errors of regression coefficients, Comparing two regression lines.
	Peer discussion of the significance of linear regression to chemistry and hypothesis testing.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Steiner, E. (2008). The Chemistry Maths Book. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Doggett, G., and Sutcliffe, B. T. (1995). *Mathematics for Chemistry*. Longman Pub Group.
- 3. Dickinson, F., McKinley, A.,(2021) Introduction to Contextual Maths in Chemistry, Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 4. Martin Cockett, Graham Doggett (2012) Maths for Chemists, Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 5. Anderson, J. M. (2012) Mathematics for Quantum Chemistry, Dover Publications.
- 6. Francis, P. G.(2012) Mathematics for Chemists, Springer Netherlands.
- 7. Hotta, S., (2019) Mathematical Physical Chemistry: Practical and Intuitive Methodology, Springer Press.
- 8. Barrante, J. R. (2016) Applied Mathematics for Physical Chemistry, 3rd Ed., Waveland Press.
- 9. Daniels, F. (2003). *Mathematical Preparation for Physical Chemistry*. McGraw Hill Publishers.
- 10. Tebbutt, P. (1998). Basic Mathematics for Chemists. Chichester: Wiley.
- 11. Skoog, D. A., Holler, F. J., and Crouch, S. R. (2017). *Principles of Instrumental Analysis*. Cengage learning
- 12. Norman, G. and Streiner, D. (2008). Biostatistics: The Bare Essentials. Decker Inc., Canada.

Course Title: Inorganic Chemistry - I

Paper Code: CHM.509 Total Contact Hours: 45

L	T	P	Cr
3	0	0	3

Learning Outcome: On completion of this course the student's will able to

CLO1: Reaction mechanism, formation constant and stability of the coordination complexes.

CLO2: Interpret the electronic properties.

CLO3: Interpret the magnetic properties

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 10Hours	Metal-Ligand Equilibria in Solution: Stepwise and overall formation constant and their interaction, trends in stepwise constants, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of metal ion and ligand, chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin, determination of formation constants by spectrophotometry and potentiometric (pH) methods. Group Discussion among the students on the stability of metal complex formation	CLO1
Unit-2 10 Hours	Reaction Mechanisms of Transition Metal Complexes: Introduction, potential energy diagram and reactivity of metal complexes, ligand substitution reactions, labile and inert metal complexes, acid hydrolysis, factors affecting acid hydrolysis, base hydrolysis, conjugate base mechanism, anation reaction, substitution reactions in square planar complexes, trans effect, mechanism of the substitution reaction reactions without metal ligand bond cleavage, electron transfer processes outer and inner sphere. Demonstration of reactions mechanism of metal complexes.	CLO1
Unit-3 15 Hours	Electronic Absorption spectra of Metal Complexes: Ligand field theory, nephelauxetic effect, Jahn-Teller effects, spin orbital (LS) coupling, LS and J-J coupling schemes, determination of all the spectroscopic terms of p ⁿ , d ⁿ , f ⁿ ions, determination of total degeneracy of terms, order of interelectronic repulsions and crystal field strength in various fields, spin orbit coupling parameters (λ) energy separation between different j states, the effect of octahedral and tetrahedral fields on S, P, D and F terms. selection rules of electronic transitions, relaxation of the selection rule in centrosymmetric and non-centrosymmetric molecules, Orgel diagrams, Tanabe Sugano diagrams, spectrochemical series, band intensities, factors influencing band widths. Classroom discussion on interpretation of LS coupling and various energy level diagrams through brainstorming	CLO2
Unit-4 10 Hours	Magnetic properties: magnetic properties of transition metal complexes, effects of L-S coupling on magnetic properties, quenching of orbital angular momentum by crystal fields in complexes in terms of splitting, temperature independent paramagnetism (TIP). Hands-on experience of metal complexes for magnetic properties by using Gouy's Balance.	CLO3

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

Suggested Readings

- 1. Cotton, F. A., and Wilkinson, G., Murillo, C. A., Bochmann, M.(1999). *Advanced Inorganic Chemistry* (6th Edition). New York: Wiley.
- 2. Huheey, J. E., Keiter, E. A., Keiter, R. L., and Medhi, O. K. (2006). *Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity*. Pearson Education India.
- 3. Greenwood, N. N., and Earnshaw, A. (2012). Chemistry of the Elements. Elsevier.
- 4. Miessler, G. L. and Tarr, D. A. (2011) *Inorganic Chemistry*, Pearson Education.
- 5. Atkins, P. (2010). *Shriver and Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry*. Oxford University Press, USA.
- 6. Dutta, R. L., and Syamal, A. (1993). *Elements of Magnetochemistry*. Affiliated East-West Press.
- 7. Drago, R. S. (1992) *Physical Methods for Chemists*. Saunders College Publishing.
- 8. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry: Fifth Edition (2012). Elsevier.
- 9. Kent, B. Inorganic Chemistry: Reactions, Structures and Mechanisms (12 June 2019), NY Research Press.
- 10. Close, D. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry (19 June 2019), Larsen and Keller Education

Course Title: Organic Chemistry-I

Paper Code: CHM.510 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: After the completion of the course students will be able to

CLO1: Identify various methods and intermediate species involved while determining the mechanism of organic reactions.

CLO2: Examine the mechanistic and synthetic aspects of nucleophilic, electrophilic substitution and elimination reactions.

CLO3: Explore the implications of enolate chemistry for the synthesis of various molecules.

T

P

Cr

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 11 Hours	Reaction mechanism, structure and reactivity: Classification and determination of reaction mechanisms, kinetic and thermodynamic control, Hammond's postulate, Curtin-Hammett principle, methods of determining mechanisms, isotope effects, effect of structure on reactivity: Hammett equation, Taft equation. Reactive intermediates: Generation, structure and reactions of	CLO1
	carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, nitrenes and benzynes. Neighbouring group participation, classical and non-classical carbocations, phenonium ions and norbornyl system.	
	Aromaticity: Aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds, antiaromaticity, homoaromatic compounds. Peer Discussion on stability of the intermediates in the presence of	
	different substituents (electron-withdrawing and electron releasing) Classroom discussion on various tools used for the determination of	
	reaction mechanism	
Unit-2 11 Hours	Aliphatic nucleophilic substitution reaction: The S_N^2 , S_N^1 , mixed S_N^2 and S_N^1 , the S_N^i and SET mechanism. Energy profile diagram, nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, aliphatic and vinylic carbon reactivity effects of substrate structure, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium, ambident nucleophile, regioselectivity, effect of solvent in substitution reaction, competition between S_N^2 and S_N^1 mechanisms, ion pair theory.	CLO2
	Aromatic nucleophilic substitution: The S_N^{Ar} , bimolecular displacement mechanism and benzyne mechanism, reactivity effect of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile.	
	Aromatic electrophilic substitution: The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams, <i>ortho/para</i> ratio, <i>ipso</i> attack.	
	Demonstration of substitution reactions with the help of ball and stick models	
	Peer discussion on the role of substituents in electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution reaction	

Unit-3	Elimination reactions: E2, E1 and E1cB mechanisms and their CLO2	
11 Hours	spectrum, orientation of the double bond, effects of substrate	
	structures, attacking base, the leaving group and the medium,	
	mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.	
	meenament and orientation in pyrotytic eminiation.	
	Addition to carbon-carbon multiple bonds: Mechanistic and	
	stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles,	
	nucleophiles and free radicals, addition of halogen polar reagents to	
	alkenes, Regio- and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity,	
	hydroboration, epoxidation and hydroxylation.	
	Demonstration of elimination regations with the help of hell and	
	Demonstration of elimination reactions with the help of ball and stick models	
	Stick models	
	Addition of different reactive intermediates to alkenes and alkynes	
	through peer learning	
	in the first terming	
Unit-4	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and CLO3	
Unit-4 12 Hours		
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and CLO3	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ ,	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis.	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates: Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Dieckmann, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates: Aldol,	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates: Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Dieckmann, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Carboxylic acids and derivatives, hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates: Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Dieckmann, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Carboxylic acids and derivatives, hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters. Peer discussion of the mechanism of nucleophilic additions to	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates: Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Dieckmann, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Carboxylic acids and derivatives, hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates: Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Dieckmann, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Carboxylic acids and derivatives, hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters. Peer discussion of the mechanism of nucleophilic additions to	
	Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds: Structure and reactivity of carbonyl group towards nucleophilic addition: addition of CN, ROH, RSH, H ₂ O, hydride ion, ammonia derivatives, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and conjugated carbonyl compounds, Arndt-Eistert synthesis. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates: Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Dieckmann, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Carboxylic acids and derivatives, hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters. Peer discussion of the mechanism of nucleophilic additions to carbonyl, nitrile, thiocarbonyl, carboxylic acids, esters and amides	

- 1. Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S. and Wothers, P. (2012) *Organic Chemistry*, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Finar, I. L. (1996). Textbook of Organic Chemistry. ELBS, Pearson Education UK.
- 3. Yadav, L. D. S., Singh, J., and Singh, J. (2017). Organic Synthesis, Pragati Prakashan, India.
- 4. Norman, R. O. C., and Coxon, J. M. (1993). Principle of Organic Synthesis, CRC Press; 3rd edition.
- 5. McMurry, J. (1996). Organic Chemistry, Brooks. Cole, New York, 657.
- 6. Smith, M. B., and March, J. (2013). *March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 7. Ahluwalia, V. K., and Parashar, R. K. (2011). *Organic Reaction Mechanisms*. Narosa Publishing House (P) Ltd.

- 8. Bansal, R. K. (2012). A Textbook of Organic Chemistry. New Age International.
- 9. Bansal R. K. (2010) Organic Reaction Mechanism. New Age International (P) Ltd.
- 10. Kalsi, P. S. (2010) *Organic Reactions and Their Mechanisms*. New Age International, New Delhi.
- 11. Lowry, T. H. and Richardson K. S. (1998) *Mechanism and Theory in Organic Chemistry*, Addison-Wesley Longman Inc., New York.
- 12. Morrison, R.T. and Boyd, R.N. (2011) Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall of India.
- 13. Mukherjee, S. M. and Singh, S. P. (2009) *Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry*. Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 14. Solomon, T.W.G, Fryhle, C.B. and Snyder, S. A. (2013) *Organic Chemistry*. John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- 15. Sykes, P. A. (1997) Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Prentice Hall.
- 16. Stein, T. H., Vasiliu, M., Arduengo, A. J. Lewis Acidity and Basicity: Another Measure of Carbene Reactivity, *J. Phys. Chem. A* 2020, 124, 29, 6096–6103.
- 17. Morisaki, K., Morimoto, H., Ohshima, T. Recent Progress on Catalytic Addition Reactions to *N*-Unsubstituted Imines, *ACS Catal.* 2020, 10, 12, 6924–6951.

Course Title: Physical Chemistry-I

Paper Code: CHM.511 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: After the completion of the course students will be able to

- **CLO1:** Interpret and solve the Schrodinger equation for various systems, particle in a boundary model, Electronic and Hamiltonian operators for molecules.
- **CLO2:** Explain the quantum chemical description of angular momentum and term symbols for a one and many-electron systems.
- **CLO3:** Relate the Born-Oppenheimer approximation, the Pauli principle, Hund's rules, Hückel theory and the variation principle with the atomic and molecular phenomena.
- **CLO4:** Explain the statistical aspects of system and relate the classical thermodynamics to quantum mechanics.
- **CLO5:** Apprehend and apply partition function in the deduction of thermodynamic properties of chemical systems.
- **CLO6:** Apprehend and apply Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics to the thermodynamic system.

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Units/ hours	Content	
Unit 1 11 Hours	Fundamental Background: Review of essential mathematical concepts required for quantum chemistry, Postulates of quantum mechanics, Eigen values and Eigen functions, operators, Schrodinger equation.	CLO1
	Translational, Rotational and Vibrational Motions: - Free particle and particle in a box and its application, one-dimensional harmonic oscillator and rigid rotor, particle in a ring, particle on a sphere.	
	Variation Methods: The variation theorem and its application, linear variation principle.	
	Problem solving approach to determine Eigen values and Eigen function using corresponding operator and Schrodinger equation. Brainstorming on defining and solving Schrodinger equation for different systems like particle in a box, rigid rotator, simple harmonic oscillator.	

Unit 2 11 Hours	Angular Momentum: Ordinary angular momentum, generalized angular momentum, Eigen functions and Eigen values for angular momentum, Ladder operator, addition of angular momenta, spin, antisymmetry and Pauli exclusion principle, Slatter determinantal wave functions.	CLO2, CLO3
	Electronic Structure of Atoms: Electronic configuration, term symbols and spectroscopic states, Russell-Saunders terms and J-J coupling schemes, Magnetic effects: spin-orbit coupling and Zeeman splitting.	
	Born-Oppenheimer Approximation: LCAO-MO and VB treatments of the H ₂ ⁺ and H ₂ , Shape of molecules, Hybridization and valence MOs of H ₂ O and NH ₃ . Determination of bond angle in sp ³ , sp ² and sp, Huckel Theory of acyclic and cyclic conjugated systems, Bond order and charge density	
	Understanding multi-electron atom quantum evaluation through peer discussion and brainstorming session. Application of pi-HMO theory for acyclic and cyclic conjugated organic systems through peer learning. Application of MOT and VBT for H ₂ and H ₂ ⁺ system through demonstration.	
Unit 3 12 Hours	Statistical Thermodynamics: Statistical concepts and examples, Thermodynamic probability and entropy, Partition function, molar partition function, thermodynamic properties in term of molecular partition function for monoatomic gases, rotational, translational, vibrational and electronic partition functions for diatomic molecules, calculation of equilibrium constants in term of partition function. Partition function and its correlation to classical thermodynamic	CLO4, CLO5
	evaluation through brainstorming session and peer learning	

Unit 4	Theories of Statistical Thermodynamics: Concept of Maxwell-	CLO6
11 Hours	Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics. Difference between Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics. Applications of Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics, Monoatomic solids, theories of specific heat for solids. Demonstrating application of various statistical thermodynamic theories and Debye theory for heat capacity.	

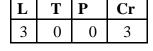
- 1. Levine, I.N. (2014) *Quantum Chemistry*. 7th ed. Pearson Education Inc.
- 2. Chandra, A.K. (2017) Introductory Quantum Chemistry. 4th ed. Tata Mcgraw-Hill.
- 3. McQuarrie, D. A. and Simon, J. D. (1998) *Physical Chemistry: A Molecular Approach*. Viva Books.
- 4. Prasad, R.K., (2009) Quantum Chemistry. 4th Ed. New Age Science.
- 5. Murrell, J.N., Kettle S.F.A. and Tedder, J. M. (1965) *Valence Theory*. John Wiley Publishers.
- 6. Lowe, J. P. and Peterson, K., (2006). Quantum Chemistry. Academic Press.
- 7. Atkins, P., and Friedman, R. (2011). *Molecular Quantum Mechanics*, 5th edition, Oxford university press.
- 8. Drennan, C., Taylor, E. V., (2008) https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-111-principles-of-chemical-science-fall-2008/index.htm
- 9. Griffin, R. G., Voorhis, T. V. (2007) https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-111-principles-of-chemical-science-fall-2008/index.htm
- 10. Atkins, P., De Paula, J. and Keeler, J. (2018) *Atkins' Physical Chemistry. 11th ed.* Oxford University Press.
- 11. McQuarrie, D. A. and Simon, J. D. (2019) *Physical Chemistry: A Molecular Approach*. Viva Books
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- 13. Engel, T., Reid, P. and Hehre, W. (2012) Physical Chemistry. Pearson Education
- 14. Puri, B.R., Sharma L.R. and Pathania, M.S. (2013) *Principles of Physical Chemistry*. Vishal Publishing CompanyNash, L. K. (2012) *Elements of Statistical Thermodynamics*. *Dover Publication Inc*.
- 15. Laurendeau, N. M. (2005) Statistical Thermodynamics: Fundamentals and Applications. Cambridge University Press.
- 16. Hill, T. L. (1986) An Introduction to Statistical Thermodynamics. Dover Publications Inc.
- 17. Yu, T. H. (2020) Teaching Thermodynamics with the Quantum Volume J. Chem. Educ., 97 (3), 736-740 DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00742
- 18. Nelson, K. A., Bawendi, M. (2008) https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-60-thermodynamics-kinetics-spring-2008/video-lectures.
- 19. Bhattacharyya, D. and Dawlaty, J. M. (2019) Teaching Entropy from Phase Space Perspective: Connecting the Statistical and Thermodynamic Views Using a Simple

- One-Dimensional Model *J. Chem. Educ.*, 96 (10), 2208-2216. DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00134
- 20. Halpern A. M. and Marzzacco, C. J. (2018) Using the Principles of Classical and Statistical Thermodynamics to Calculate the Melting and Boiling Points, Enthalpies and Entropies of Fusion and Vaporization of Water, and the Freezing Point Depression and Boiling Point Elevation of Ideal and Nonideal Aqueous Solutions, *J. Chem. Educ.*, 95(12), 2205-2211. DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.8b00561
- 21. Halpern A. M. and Marzzacco, C. J. (2018) Constructing the Phase Diagram of a Single-Component System Using Fundamental Principles of Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics: A Spreadsheet-Based Learning Experience for Students. *J. Chem. Educ.*, 95 (12), 2197-2204. DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.8b00560

Course Title: Spectroscopic Analysis

Paper Code: CHM.524 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to



- **CLO1:** Identify various spectroscopic techniques (UV, IR, NMR and MS) used in organic synthesis for structure elucidation.
- **CLO2:** Predict NMR spectra and various fragment-ions/peaks in MS of a given molecular structure.
- **CLO3:** Analyze and interpret the combined spectroscopic data (UV-Vis, IR, ¹H & ¹³C NMR) for structural elucidation of unknown organic molecules.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 11 Hours	UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, role of solvents, chromophores and their interaction with UV-visible radiation. Woodward-Fieser rule for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds Infrared spectroscopy: Infrared radiation and its interaction with organic molecules, vibrational mode of bonds, effect of hydrogen bonding and conjugation on absorption bands, interpretation of IR spectra. FTIR. Problem solving - Identification of the structure from the given UV and FTIR data	CLO1
Unit-2 12 Hours	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy : Introduction, chemical shift and factors influencing chemical shift, reference standards and solvents. spin-spin coupling, coupling constants, long range coupling, effect of deuteration, integration of signals, interpretation of spectra, spin decoupling, double resonance and shift reagent methods, resonance of other nuclei e.g. ¹⁹ F, ¹⁵ N, ³¹ P. The role of external magnetic field on precessional frequency: Peer discussion	CLO1, CLO2
Unit-3 11 Hours	13C NMR: Introduction, Proton coupled and proton decoupled ¹³ C NMR, nuclear overhauser enhancement (NOE), DEPT techniques, 2D NMR Correlation spectroscopy (COSY), Homo COSY (¹ H- ¹ H COSY), Hetero COSY (¹ H- ¹³ C COSY, HMQC), long range ¹ H- ¹³ C COSY (HMBC), NOESY. Problem solving - Identification of the structure from the given ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR data	
Unit-4 11 Hours	Mass spectrometry: Basic principles and brief outline of instrumentation. Ion formation: EI, CI, FAB, MALDI, ESI, metastable ion, □-cleavage, McLafferty rearrangement, Retro-Diels-Alder cleavage, nitrogen rule, fragmentation process of organic molecules in relation to molecular structure determination. Relative abundance of isotopes, High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) and recent advances in mass spectrometry. Problems for structure elucidation using the above spectroscopic techniques. Interpretation of various fragmentation peaks in the mass spectrum of the given sample	CLO2,

- 1. Pavia, D. L., Lampman, G. M., Kriz, G. S., and Vyvyan, J. A. (2015). *Introduction to Spectroscopy*. Cengage Learning India Private Limited; 5th edition (14 January 2015).
- 2. Gross, J. H. (2017). *Mass Spectrometry: A Textbook*. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.
- 3. Banwell, C. N., and McCash, E. M. (1994). *Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy* (Vol. 851). New York: McGraw-Hill.
- 4. Dyer, J. R. (1965). *Applications of Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds*. Phi Learning.
- 5. Kalsi, P. S. (2007). Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds. New Age International.
- 6. Kemp, W. (2019, 2nd edition). Organic Spectroscopy, ELBS. MACMILLAN
- 7. Khopkar, S. M. (1998). *Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry*. New Age International.
- 8. Melinda, J.D. (2010). Introduction to Solid NMR Spectroscopy. Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
- 9. Silverstein, R. M., Webster, F. X., Kiemle, D. J., and Bryce, D. L. (2014). *Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds*. John Wiley and sons.
- 10. Pretsch, E., Bühlmann, P., Badertscher, M. (2020). Structure Determination of Organic Compounds. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg
- 11. Webb, G. A. (2021). Annual Reports on NMR Spectroscopy. Elsevier

Course Title: Practical Inorganic Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.513 Contact Hours: 60

Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

CLO1: Perform volumetric and gravimetric analysis of cations and anions within reaction

CLO2: Standardize and titrate various inorganic compounds.

Experiments:

Introduction to good laboratory practices in chemistry.

Gravimetric Estimation

- 1. Determination of Ba²⁺ as its sulphate/chromate.
- 2. Estimation of lead as its lead sulfate.
- 3. Estimation of Nickel (II) as its nickel dimethyl glyoximate.
- 4. Estimation of Cu²⁺as cuprous thiocyanate.

Precipitation Titrations

- 1. AgNO₃ standardization by Mohr's method.
- 2. Volhard's method for Cl⁻ determination.

Oxidation-Reduction Titrations

- 1. Standardization of KMnO₄with sodium oxalate and determination of Ca²⁺ ion.
- 2. Standardization of ceric sulphate with Mohr's salt and determination of Cu²⁺, NO₂ and C₂O₄-² ions.
- 3. Standardization of K₂Cr₂O₇ with Fe²⁺ and determination of Fe³⁺ (Ferric alum)
- 4. Standardization of hypo solution with potassium iodate / $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and determination of available Cl_2 in bleaching powder, Sb^{3+} and Cu^{2+} .

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5. Determination of hydrazine with KIO₃ titration.

Mode of Transactions: Demonstration, PPT, videos, Lecture cum demonstration

Suggested Readings

- 1. Pass, G. and Sutcliffe H. (1979) Practical Inorganic Chemistry. Chapman and Hall Ltd.
- 2. Jolly, W.L. (1961) Synthetic Inorganic Chemistry. Prentice Hall, Inc.
- 3. Nakamoto, K. (1997) *Infrared and Raman Spectra of Inorganic and Coordination Compounds: Part A and B.* John Wiley and Sons.
- 4. Mendham, J., Denney, R.C., Barnes, J.D. and Thomas, M. J. K. (2000) *Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis*, Pearson Education Ltd.
- 5. Svehla, G. and Sivasankar, B. (1996) *Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis*. Pearson Education Ltd.
- 6. Skoog, D.A., Holler, F.J., and Crouch, S.R. (2007) *Principles of Instrumental Analysis*. Thomson Learning.

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Course Title: Practical Organic Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.514 Total Contact Hours: 60

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to

- **CLO1:** Exercise good laboratory practices including safe handling of hazardous chemicals, laboratory glassware and equipment(s).
- **CLO2:** Apply various experimental skills for purification, isolation and recrystallization of organic molecules.
- **CLO3:** Analyze the progress of a given reaction on thin layer chromatography.

Experiments:

Safety and Handling of hazardous chemicals:

- (i) Good laboratory practices, handling and disposal of hazardous chemicals.
- (ii) Awareness about different types of glassware, heating devices, equipment(s), how to conduct organic reaction etc.

A. Techniques:

Chromatography: Thin layer chromatography (TLC): Monitoring the progress of chemical reactions, R_f values: identification of unknown organic compounds by comparing the R_f values with known standards. Column chromatography.

Purification Techniques: crystallization, distillation, sublimation.

Determination of melting point and mixed melting point.

- **B. Single Stage Synthesis**: Synthesis of compounds and their purification, aspects such as conversion, theoretical yield and percentage yield should be paid attention. (Attempt any six)
 - 1. Synthesis of chalcones*via*Claisen-Schmidt condensation.
 - 2. Reduction of benzophenone to benzhydral using NaBH₄.
 - 3. Conversion of benzaldehyde to cinnamic acid (Knoevenagel condensation)
 - 4. Conversion of benzaldehyde to dibenzylidene acetone (Aldol condensation)

- 5. To prepare phenylpropene *via* dehydration of corresponding phenylpropanol.
- 6. To prepare ethyl cinnamate via acid catalyzed esterification of cinnamic acid.
- 7. Conversion of phthalic anhydride to phthalimide
- 8. To synthesize arylidene analogue of Meldrum acid.
- 9. Synthesis of alcohol *via* addition of Grignard reagent to an aldehyde.

Mode of Transactions: Demonstration, PPT, videos, Lecture cum demonstration

Suggested Readings

- 1. Harwood, L.M. and Moody, C.J. (1989) *Experimental Organic Chemistry*. Blackwell Scientific Publishers.
- 2. Vogel, A.I. (2003), 5th ed. *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*. ELBS, Longman Group Ltd.
- 3. Mann, F.G. and Saunders, B.C. (2009) *Practical Organic Chemistry*. Orient Longman Pyt. Ltd.
- 4. Leonard, J. and Lygo, B. (1995) *Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry*. Chapman and Hall.
- 5. Armarego, W.L. and Chai, C. (2012) *Purification of Laboratory Chemicals*. Butterworth-Heinemann.
- 6. Young, J.A. (1991) *Improving Safety in the Chemical Laboratory: A Practical Guide*. Wiley Publishing.
- 7. Silver, J. Let Us Teach Proper Thin Layer Chromatography Technique, J. Chem. Educ. 2020, 97, 12, 4217–4219.
- 8. Tannya, R., Ibarra-Rivera, Delgado-Montemayor, c., Oviedo-Garza, F., Pérez-Meseguer, J., Rivas-Galindo, V. M., Waksman-Minsky, N., Pérez-López, A. (2020) Setting Up an Educational Column Chromatography Experiment from Home, J. Chem. Educ. 97, 9, 3055–3059.

Course Title: Inorganic Chemistry-II

Paper Code: CHM.521 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will able to

CLO1: Concepts to realize point group within chemical structure, character tables and projection operator techniques.

CLO2: Application of symmetry and group theory in spectroscopy.

CLO3: Structural properties of organometallic complexes and their uses.

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 10 Hours		
Unit-2 10 Hours	Group theory: Determination of reducible and irreducible representations, character tables, construction of character tables for C ₂ v, C ₃ v, use of symmetry in obtaining symmetry of orbitals in molecules. Group discussion to design the character tables of taking molecular examples and implication of ball and stick model tools.	CLO2
Unit-3 15 Hours	Metal Complexes: Organic-transition metal chemistry, complexes with π-acceptor and □-donor ligands, 18-electron and 16-electron rules, isolobal analogy, Synthesis and important reaction of metal carbonyls. Structure and bonding of metal carbonyls, metal nitrosyl, dinitrogen and dioxygen complexes, tertiary phosphine as ligand and vibrational spectra of metal carbonyls for bonding and structure elucidation. Discussion of various electron count rules and structural bonding parameters of organometallic compounds.	CLO3
Unit-4 10 Hours	Inorganic cages: Metallocenes, metal cluster compounds, metalmetal bond, metal carbenes, carbonyl and non-carbonyl clusters, fluxional molecules, application of organometallic compounds as catalysts in organic synthesis. Cage compounds of boron: boron cage compounds, boranes, carboranes and metallocene carboranes. Peer discussion on Cage clusters formation rules via wede's and Mingos rules.	CLO3

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

- 1. Cotton, F. A., and Wilkinson, G. (1999). *Advanced inorganic chemistry* (4th edition). New York: Wiley.
- 2. Huheey, J. E., Keiter, E. A., Keiter, R. L., and Medhi, O. K. (2006). *Inorganic chemistry: principles of structure and reactivity*. Pearson Education India.
- 3. Greenwood, N. N., and Earnshaw, A. (2012). Chemistry of the Elements. Elsevier.
- 4. Lever, A.B.P. (1984) *Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy*. Elsevier Science Publishers B.V.
- 5. Atkins, P. (2010). *Shriver and Atkins' inorganic chemistry*. Oxford University Press, USA.

- 6. Dutta, R. L., and Syamal, A. (1993). *Elements of magnetochemistry*. Affiliated East-West Press.
- 7. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry: Fifth Edition (2012). Elsevier.
- 8. Kent, B. Inorganic Chemistry: Reactions, Structures and Mechanisms (12 June 2019), NY Research Press.
- 9. Close, D. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry (19 June 2019), Larsen and Keller Education

Course Title: Organic Chemistry-II

Paper Code: CHM.522 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- **CLO1:** Interpret and predict the energetically favoured conformation of cyclic and acyclic compounds, chirality and reactivity.
- **CLO2:** Differentiate between thermally and photochemically driven pericyclic reactions and explain about their stereochemical aspects.
- **CLO3:** Explore various molecular rearrangements in organic synthesis for the conversion of different functional group.

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 11 Hours	Stereochemistry: Chirality, projection formulae, configurational and conformational isomerism in acyclic and cyclic compounds; stereogenicity, stereoselectivity, diastereoselectivity, D/L, R/S, E/Z and <i>cis/trans</i> configurational notations, <i>threo</i> and <i>erythro</i> isomers, optical purity, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups and faces, stereospecific and stereoselective synthesis, optical activity in the absence of chiral carbon (biphenyls, allenes and spiranes), chirality due to helical shape, conformational analysis of acyclic compounds and cyclic compounds such as cyclopentane, cyclohexane, cyclohexanone derivatives, decalins, 1,2, 1,3-, 1,4-disubstituted cyclohexane derivatives and D-Glucose, effect of conformation on reactivity,	CLO1
	Demonstration of conformational and configurational analysis, projection formulae and topicity of the molecules with the help of ball and stick models. Ball and stick models of biphenyls, allenes and spiranes for chirality.	
Unit-2 11 Hours	 Photochemistry: Jablonski diagram, singlet and triplet states, photosensitization, quantum efficiency, photochemistry of carbonyl compounds, Norrish type-I and type-II cleavages, Photochemistry of alkenes and enones, Paterno-Buchi reaction, Photoreduction, Di π – methane rearrangement. Photochemistry of aromatic compounds, Photo-Fries reactions of anilides, Photo-Fries rearrangement, Barton reaction, Singlet molecular oxygen reactions. Application of photochemical reactions in biologically important molecules through peer learning Primary, and secondary, processes of photochemical reactions of 	CLO2
	Primary and secondary processes of photochemical reactions of carbonyl compounds and alkenes.	

Unit-3 12 Hours	Pericyclic chemistry: Introduction, Phases, nodes and symmetry properties of molecular orbitals in ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene, allyl cation, allyl radical, pentadienyl cation and pentadienyl radical. Electrocyclic reactions: Conrotation and disrotation, 4n and 4n+2 systems. Woodward-Hoffmann rules. (i) Symmetry properties of HOMO of open chain partner (ii) Conservation of orbital symmetry and correlation diagrams. Cycloaddition reactions: Suprafacial and antarafacial interactions. $\pi^2 + \pi^2$ and $\pi^4 + \pi^2$ cycloadditions and stereochemical aspects. Diels-Alder reaction. Woodward-Hoffmann Selection rules. Explanation for the mechanism by (i) Conservation of orbital symmetry and correlation diagrams (ii) FMO theory Sigmatropic reactions: [1,j] and [i,j] shifts; suprafacial and antarafacial, selection rules for [l, j] shifts; Cope and Claisen rearrangements; explanation for the mechanism by (i) symmetry properties of HOMO (ii) Introduction to cheletropic reactions and the explanation of mechanism by FMO theory. <i>Group project on the symmetry elements in FMO of 4npi and</i> $(4n+2)pi$ electron containing substrates	CLO2
	Quiz on FMO, correlation diagram and PMO approaches for pericyclic reactions	
Unit-4 11 Hours	Rearrangements: General mechanistic considerations-nature of migration, migratory aptitude, mechanistic study of the following rearrangements: Pinacol-pinacolone, Wagner-Meerwein, Benzil-Benzillic acid, Favorskii, Neber, Beckmann, Hofmann, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt, Carroll, Claisen, Cope, Gabriel–Colman, Smiles and Sommelet–Hauser rearrangements. Selective Name Reactions: Ene/Alder-ene reaction, Dakin reaction, Reformatsky, Robinson annulation, Michael addition, Hofmann-Loffler Fretag, Chichibabin reaction.	CLO3
	Predicting the mechanistic pathways of rearrangement reactions through peer discussion Application of important name reactions for bioactive molecule synthesis through brainstorming	

- 1. Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S. and Wothers, P. (2012). *Organic Chemistry*. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Bansal, R. K. (2012). A Textbook of Organic Chemistry. New Age International.
- 3. Carey, F. A., and Sundberg, R. J. (2007). *Advanced Organic Chemistry: Part A: Structure and Mechanisms*. Springer Science and Business Media.

- 4. Kalsi, P. S. (2010). Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism. New Age International.
- 5. Eliel, E. L., and Wilen, S. H. (2008). *Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 6. Carey, F. A., and Sundberg, R. J. (2007). *Advanced Organic Chemistry: PartB*. Springer Science and Business Media.
- 7. Finar, I. L. (1996). Textbook of Organic Chemistry. ELBS, Pearson Education UK.
- 8. Katritzky, A. R., Ramsden, C. A., Joule, J. A., and Zhdankin, V. V. (2010). *Handbook of Heterocyclic Chemistry*. Elsevier.
- 9. Norman, R.O.C. and Coxon, J.M. (1998). *Principles of Organic Synthesis*. Blackie Academic and Professional.
- 10. Fleming, I. (2015). Pericyclic Reactions. Oxford University Press.
- 11. Singh, J. (2005). Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions. New Age International.
- 12. McMurry, J. (1996). Organic Chemistry, Brooks. Cole, New York, 657.
- 13. Masson, G., Konig, B., Yoon, T. *Photochemical Synthesis*, Eur. J. Org. chem., 2020, 10, 1186-1585.
- 14. Elford, D., Lancaster, S. J., Jones, J. A. Stereoisomers, Not Stereo Enigmas: A Stereochemistry Escape Activity Incorporating Augmented and Immersive Virtual Reality, *J. Chem. Educ.* 2021, 98, 5, 1691–1704.

Course Title: Physical Chemistry-II

Paper Code: CHM.523 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

- **CLO1:** Evaluate and predict the spontaneity of a redox processes in electrochemical systems
- **CLO2:** Apply activity coefficient calculated from Debye-Huckel theory and through fugacity in real chemical solutions.
- **CLO3:** Establish and evaluate the mechanism and kinetics for catalytic and photochemical reactions, homogenous and heterogeneous catalyzed reactions.
- **CLO4:** Interpret the fast reaction monitoring for complex reactions.
- **CLO5:** Predict and establish the thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of adsorption and catalysis.

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1 12 Hours	Classical Thermodynamics and Phase Transitions: Partial	CLO1, CLO2
	Molar Properties, Activity, Activity coefficient; determination of activity and activity coefficients, Gibbs- Duhem equation, Chemical potential of liquids, Phase transition: Clausius-Clapeyron equation.	
	Electrochemistry: Activity-coefficients, mean activity coefficients; Debye-Huckel treatment of dilute electrolyte solutions.	
	Electrochemical Cells: Nernst equation, redox systems, electrochemical cells, application of electrochemical cell, concentration cells with and without liquid junction, thermodynamics of reversible electrodes and reversible cells, potentiometric titration.	
	Understanding application of electrochemistry using classroom games activity. Expanding the understanding of conductance application using peer learning.	
Unit 2	Reaction Kinetics: Introduction, complex reactions, steady state	CLO3
11 Hours	approximation, kinetic mechanisms of chemical reactions, Arrhenius and Eyring equations and their applications, collision theories of rate constant, treatment of unimolecular reactions, steric factor, ionic reactions: salt effect.	
	Understanding chemical kinetics and potential surface-reaction coordinate by hands on activity either as gaming, stochastic and molecular dynamic models.	

Unit 3	Photochemical Reactions and Processes: Laws of	CLO3,
11 Hours	photochemistry and kinetics of photochemical reactions, measurement of fluorescence and phosphorescence lifetimes, photosensitization, quenching and photodimerization. Fast Reaction Kinetics: Introduction to time-resolved techniques for absorption and emission measurements, relaxation method, study of kinetics of fast reactions by millisecond stopped-flow, nanosecond flash photolysis techniques	CLO4
	Learning photochemical reaction kinetics through problem solving activities. Lab-on-chip based flow cell reactors using peer learning.	
Unit 4 11 Hours	Adsorption: Adsorption of solids, Langmuir and Fredulich Isotherms, BET adsorption isotherm, Gibbs adsorption isotherm. Catalysis: Homogeneous catalysis and heterogeneous catalysis, enzyme catalysis. Michealis-Menten mechanism, Lineweaver-Burk Plot, competitive and non-competitive bindings, application of enzyme catalysis. Application and challenges in adsorption towards environmental and nanomaterial through peer learning. Enzyme binding and catalysis through inquiry guided and gaming based learning.	CLO5

- 1. Laidler, K. J. (2003). Chemical Kinetics. Pearson Education Ltd.
- 2. Atkins, P., De Paula, J., and Keeler, J. (2018) *Atkins' Physical Chemistry*. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Silbey, R. J. Alberty, R. A. and Bawendi, M. G. (2008) *Physical Chemistry*. Wiley-Interscience Publication.
- 4. Engel, T. and Reid, P. (2012). *Thermodynamics, Statistical Thermodynamics, and Kinetics*. Pearson Education.
- 5. Lakowicz, J. R. (2006). Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy. Springer.
- 6. Kapoor, K. L. (2011) Text Book of Physical Chemistry. 3/5, Macmillan Publishers.
- 7. McQuarrie, D. A. and Simon, J. D. (2018) *Physical Chemistry: A Molecular Approach*. Viva Books.
- 8. Moore, J. W., and Pearson, R. G. (1981). *Kinetics and Mechanism*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 9. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R. and Pathania, M.S. (2013) *Principles of Physical Chemistry*. Vishal Publishing Company.

- 10. Krask, T. (2020) Establishing a Connection for Students between the Reacting System and the Particle Model with Games and Stochastic Simulations of the Arrhenius Equation, *J. Chem. Educ.*, 97 (7), 1951-1959 DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.0c00081.
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- 14. McEvoy, J. P., and Kay, A. (2020) The Saturation Game: Teaching Protein–Ligand Binding with a Playing Card Analogy *J. Chem. Educ.* 97 (10), 3727-3730DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.0c00837
- 15. Xian, J. and King, D. B. (2020) Teaching Kinetics and Equilibrium Topics Using Interlocking Building Bricks in Hands-on Activities *J. Chem. Educ.*97 (2), 466-470 DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00515
- 16. Wallen, S. L., Dhau, J., Green, R., Wemple, L. B., Kelly, T., and Collins, B. (2020) Maker Chemistry: Exploring Redox Reactions in Introductory Laboratory through Light-Emitting Diode Printed Circuit Board Fabrication *J. Chem. Educ.* 97 (2), 490-496 DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.8b01061
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- Bennie, S.J., Ranaghan, K. E., Deeks, H., Goldsmith, H. E., O'Connor, M. B., Mulholland, A. J., and Glowacki, D. R.(2019) Teaching Enzyme Catalysis Using Interactive Molecular Dynamics in Virtual Reality J. Chem. Educ. 96 (11), 2488-2496 DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00181
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Course Title: Molecular Spectroscopy

Paper Code: CHM.525 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

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- **CLO1:** Apply microwave, infrared-vibration-rotation Raman and infra-red Spectroscopy for chemical analysis and prediction of molecular structure
- **CLO2:** Demonstrate and apply electronic spectroscopy of different elements and simple molecules.
- **CLO3:** Demonstrate and elucidate the physical principles of nuclear magnetic and electron spin resonance spectroscopy.
- **CLO4:** Explore application of laser spectroscopy and photoelectron spectroscopy in materials and biomaterials.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1 11 Hours	Electronic Spectroscopy: Electronic transition, energy of electronic transition, selection rules, the Franck-Condon principle. Microwave Spectroscopy: Basic principle and instrumentation, classification of molecules, selection rule in microwave spectroscopy, rigid rotor model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities of spectral lines, non-rigid rotor. Problem solving approach to determine the bond length of diatomic and polyatomic molecules and effect of isotopic substitution on transition frequencies.	CLO1, CLO2
Unit 2 12 Hours	Pure Vibrational Spectroscopy: Basic principle and instrumentation of IR spectroscopy, Review of harmonic oscillator, selection rules, vibrational energies of diatomic molecules, zeropoint energy, force constant and bond strength, anharmonicity, vibration-rotation spectroscopy, Morse potential energy diagram, P, Q, R branches, vibrations of polyatomic molecules, overtones and hot bands. Raman Spectroscopy - Basic principle and instrumentation of Raman spectroscopy, classical and quantum theories of Raman Effect, vibrational-rotational Raman spectra, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, resonance Raman Spectroscopy, depolarization ratio, surface enhanced Raman spectroscopy, coherent anti-stokes Raman spectroscopy. Application of Raman spectroscopy. Brainstorming on use of electronic, pure vibrational, pure rotational and vibrational-rotational spectroscopy in understanding chemical characteristics.	CLO1, CLO2

Unit 3 11 Hours	Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: Basic principles of NMR and ESR, instrumentation of NMR and ESR, magnetization vector and relaxation, NMR transitions, Bloch equation, relaxation effects and mechanism, effect of quadrupole nuclei, nuclear overhauser effect (NOE), multiple pulse methods, Hyperfine splitting in ESR. Application of NMR and ESR Spectroscopy.	CLO3
Unit 4	Understanding applications of magnetic resonance spectroscopy through peer learning and brainstorming. Lasers and Laser Spectroscopy: Principles of laser action, pulsed	CLO4
11 Hours	lasers, examples of lasers: He-Ne, Nd-YAG, dye lasers. Atomic Force Spectroscopy: Basic principle and instrumentation, application of single molecule force spectroscopy. Photoelectron spectroscopy: Basic principle and instrumentation, photoelectric effect, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy XPS. Application of XPS. Understanding application and instrumentation of laser, photoelectron and atomic force spectroscopy through peer	
	discussion.	

- 1. Hollas, J. M. (2004). *Modern Spectroscopy*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Lakowicz, J. R. (2006). *Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy*. Springer.
- 3. Barrow, G. M. (2007) *Physical Chemistry*. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers.
- 4. Banwell, C. N., and McCash, E. M. (1994). *Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy* (Vol. 851). New York: McGraw-Hill.
- 5. Carrington, A., and McLachlan, A. D. (1967). *Introduction to Magnetic Resonance:* With Applications to Chemistry and Chemical Physics. Chapman and Hall, London.
- 6. Lynden-Bell, R. M., and Harris, R. K. (1969). *Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy*. Appleton-Century-Crofts.
- 7. Reilley, C. N., Everhart, D. S., and Ho, F. F. L. (1982). *Applied Electron Spectroscopy for Chemical Analysis. Chemical Analysis*, 63, 105. John Wiley.
- 8. Chang, R. (1971). *Basic Principles of Spectroscopy*. McGraw-Hill.
- 9. Ghosh, P. K. (1983). *Introduction to Photoelectron Spectroscopy*. John Wileyand Sons, New York.
- 10. Günther, H. (2013). NMR Spectroscopy: Basic Principles, Concepts and Applications in Chemistry. John Wiley and Sons.
- 11. Atkins' P. (2014) Physical Chemistry, Peter Atkins and Julio Paula, Oxford University Press; 10th Ed.
- 12. Banwell, C. N. (2013). *Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy*. Tata McGraw-Hill Education IV edition.

- 13. Rita Kakkar, R. (2015) Atomic and Molecule Spectroscopy: Basic Concepts and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2015.
- 14. J L McHale (2008) Molecular Spectroscopy, Pearson Education India

Course Title: Strategies in Synthesis

Paper Code: CHM.526 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course, student will be able to

CLO1: Identify various retrosynthetic strategies and design the synthesis of target molecules.

CLO2: Apply the concept of enolate chemistry for controlling the selectivity of various organic transformations.

CLO3: Design various processes for the synthesis of commercially important molecules taking into consideration the protection and deprotection strategies.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 11 Hours	Retrosynthesis: Synthon, synthetic equivalent, functional group interconversion (FGI), functional group addition, functional group elimination, criteria for selection of target, linear and convergent synthesis, retrosynthetic analysis involving chemoselectivity, reversal of polarity (umpolung), importance of the order of events in organic synthesis. One group and two group C-X disconnections, two group C-C disconnections; Diels-Alder reaction, control in carbonyl condensation. Brainstorming on identification of the retrosynthetic route of some recently FDA approved commercial drug molecules.	CLO1
	Learning through peer discussion on order of events in organic synthesis.	
Unit-2 11 Hours	Enolate Chemistry: Regio- and stereo-selectivity in enolate generation. "O" versus "C" alkylation, effect of solvent, countercation and electrophiles; symbiotic effect; thermodynamically and kinetically controlled enolate formations; various transition state models to explain stereoselective enolate formation; enamines and metallo-enamines; regioselectivity in generation, application in controlling the selectivity of alkylation. Group discussion on stereoselective generation of enolates and alkylation in organic synthesis.	CLO2
Unit-3 11 Hours	Protection and deprotection of various functional groups: Protection of alcohols by ether, silyl ethers and ester formations and their deprotection, protection of carbonyls by acetal and ketal formation and their deprotection, protection of 1, 2 diols- by acetal, ketal and carbonate formation and their deprotection, protection of amines by acetylation, benzylation, benzyloxy carbonyl, <i>t</i> -butoxycarbonyl (Boc), fmoc, triphenyl methyl groups and their deprotection, protection of carboxylic acids by ester formation and their deprotection: Recent advances in protection-deprotection free organic synthesis. Demonstration on the role of protecting groups in synthesis of commercial drugs.	CLO3

Unit-4	New synthetic reactions: Baylis-Hillman reaction, Biginelli CLO3			
12 Hours	reaction, Mukaiyama aldol reaction, Mitsunobu reaction, McMurrey			
	reaction, Julia-Lythgoe olefination, and Peterson's stereoselective			
	olefination, Buchwald-Hartwig coupling, Eishenmosher-Tanabe			
	fragmentation, Shapiro reaction, Stork-enamine reaction, Aza-			
	Cope, Aza-Wittig reaction, Ugi reaction, Robinson-Gabriel			
	synthesis, Vilsmeier-Haack reaction.			
	Peer group discussion on well-established and newly developed			
	synthetic approaches including recent variants and advantages associated with them.			
	Debate on various C-C and C-N bond forming and multicomponent			
	reactions.			

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming.

- 1. Finar, I. L., (2012). Organic Chemistry Vol. 1. Pearson Education, UK.
- 2. Warren, S., and Wyatt, P., (2010). Designing Organic Synthesis: A Disconnection Approach. John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. Finar, I. L., (2012). Organic Chemistry Vol. 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products. Pearson Education, UK.
- 4. Fleming I., (2011). *Molecular Orbitals and Organic Chemical Reactions*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Li, J. J., (2014). *Name Reactions: A Collection of Detailed Reaction Mechanism*. Springer-Verlag.
- 6. Kalsi, P. S. (2010). *Organic Reactions and Their Mechanisms*. New Age International Pub.
- 7. McMurry, J. (1996). Organic Chemistry, Brooks Cole.
- 8. Mukherjee, S. M., and Singh, S. P., (2009). *Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry*. Macmillan India Ltd.
- 9. Smith, M. B., (2013). *March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 10. Solomon, T. W. G., Fryhle, C. B. and Snyder, S. A., (2013). *Organic Chemistry*. John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- 11. Sykes, P. A. (1997). Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry. Prentice Hall.
- 12. Carruthers, W. (2004). *Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis*. Cambridge Uni. Press, UK.
- 13. Meyer, C. C., Ortiz, E., and Krische, M. J. Catalytic Reductive Aldol and Mannich Reactions of Enone, Acrylate, and Vinyl Heteroaromatic Pronucleophiles. *Chemical Reviews* 2020, 120, 8, 3721-3748
- 14. Schettini, R., & Della Sala, G. (2021). New Trends in Asymmetric Catalysis. *Catalysts*, 2021, 11, 306.
- 15. Dénès, F., Pérez-Luna, A., and Chemla, F., Addition of Metal Enolate Derivatives to Unactivated Carbon–Carbon Multiple Bonds. *Chemical Reviews*, 2010, 110, 2366-2447.
- 16. Mas-Torrent, M., Crivillers, N., Rovira, C., and Veciana, J., Attaching Persistent Organic Free Radicals to Surfaces: How and Why? *Chemical Reviews* 2012, 112, 2506-2527.

Course Title: Practical Physical Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.527 Total Contact Hours: 60

Learning Outcome: The students will able to

CLO1: Develop skills on titrimetric analysis using conductivity meter, potentiometer and pH meter as well as buffer preparation and use.

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CLO2: Hands on skills in viscometer, refractometer and spectrophotometer for different applications.

Experiments:

- 1. Determination of behavior and strength of a given acid/base by titrating with a base/acid conductometrically.
- 2. Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts (e.g., PbSO₄, BaSO₄) conductometrically.
- 3. Determination standard electrode potential of Fe²⁺/Fe³⁺ system by potentiometer using potassiumpermanganate
- 4. Preparation of buffers and measurement of their pH.
- 5. Determination of stability constant for Cu(II)-glycinate complex using potentiometry.
- 6. Determination of pK_a of acetic acid and H_3PO_4 by potentiometric titration using NaOH.
- 7. Determination of Surface tension of a given liquid.
- 8. Determination of refractive indices (RI) of given liquids and determination of the concentration from RI.
- 9. Verification of the Lambert-Beer's law and determination of extinction coefficient
- 10. Determination of stability constant of Fe(III)-salicylic acid complex by spectrophotometer.
- 11. To verify Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherms for adsorption of acetic acid on activated charcoal.
- 12. Determination of partition coefficient of iodine between water and octanol and determination of equilibrium constant of tri-iodide.
- 13. Determination of rate constant and energy of activation of hydrolysis of an ester
- 14. Determination of the rate constant for the oxidation of iodide ions by hydrogen peroxide studying the kinetics as an iodine-clock reaction.
- 15. Determination of thermal stability of biomacromolecules.

Mode of Transactions: Demonstration, Experimentation, handing instruments, Explanation of data

Activity Based Learning:

- 1. Demonstration and application of potentiometry, conductometry, spectrophotometry, viscometer and stalagmometer.
- 2. Team activity of practical and observation recording for kinetic and thermodynamic parameters for chemical reactions.

- 1. Nad, A. K., Mahapatra, B. and Ghoshal, A. (2014). *An Advanced Course in Practical Chemistry*. New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.
- 2. Maity, S., and Ghosh, N.(2012). *Physical Chemistry Practical*. New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.

- 3. Elias, A. J. (2002). A Collection of Interesting General Chemistry Experiments. Universities Press.
- 4. Khosla, B.D., Garg, V.C., and Gulati A.R. (2007). *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*. S. Chandand Sons.
- 5. Yadav, J. B. (2006). Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry. Krishna Prakashan Media.
- 6. Das, R. C., and Behera, B. (1983). *Experimental Physical Chemistry*. Tata McGraw-Hill
- 7. James, A. M., and Prichard, F. E. (1974). *Practical Physical Chemistry*. New York: Longman.
- 8. Ghosh, J.C. (1990). Experiments in Physical Chemistry, Bharati Bhavan.

Course Title: Computational and Structural Chemistry (Practical)

Paper Code: CHM.529 Total Contact Hours: 60

Learning Outcomes: After completing this course, the learner will be:

CLO1: Skilled in various chemistry software needed for higher studies.

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CLO2: Develop knowledge skills and understanding of structure elucidation of unknown compounds via spectral interpretation of ¹H, ¹³C NMR, IR, UV and Mass spectrum.

CLO3: Select and apply the data analytics to every process and analysis in chemistry, thereby bringing in quality control to his work in hand.

Experiments:

ChemDraw, Chem-Sketch, Draw the structure of simple aliphatic, aromatic, heterocyclic organic compounds with substituents. Get the correct IUPAC name and prediction of ¹HNMR signals.

Exposure to Softwares required for processing of raw FID NMR files, Molecular docking using Schrodinger/MOE Softwaresor DFT studies using Gaussian software.

Single crystal structure solving of various compounds and complexes using X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) software Olex-2.

Spectral interpretation: Interpretation of UV, IR, NMR (1D & 2D-NMR) and mass spectrum.

Combined Structure problems: Exercises of structure elucidation of unknown compounds *via* combined spectral interpretation of IR, UV-vis, ¹H and ¹³C NMR and mass spectra, along with two-dimensional NMR spectroscopy.

Statistical Analysis Methods:

- 1. Determination of Detection limit, Quantitation limit and for instrumental method and method of analysis.
- 2. Determination of quality control parameters for a method of analysis.
- 3. Determination of Mean, Mode and Median, Skewness and Kurtosis, FWHM for chromatographic data.
- 4. Linear least square fitting for calibration of spectrometer

- 5. Non-Linear least square fitting for adsorption and kinetic data.
- 6. Determination of ANOVA for intralaboratory testing.
- 7. Error function and residual analysis of Linear and Non-linear least square fitting
- 8. Optimization of process and analysis using Factor analysis, Principle Component Analysis
- 9. Optimization of process using response surface methodology
- 10. Determination of charges, pKa and electrostatic free energy of enzymes and proteins using pKa calculation software.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Pavia, D. L., Lampman, G. M., Kriz, G. S., and Vyvyan, J. A. (2015). *Introduction to Spectroscopy*. Cengage Learning India Private Limited; 5th edition.
- 2. Gross, J. H. (2017). *Mass Spectrometry: A Textbook*. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.
- 3. Pasto, D.P., Johnson, C., Miller, M. (2010). Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Vogel, A.I. (2003). Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson
- 5. Armarego, W. L., & Chai, C. (2012). Purification of Laboratory Chemicals. Butterworth-Heinemann.
- 6. Findeisen, M., (2013). 50 And More Essential NMR Experiments: A Detailed Guide. John Willey & Sons.
- 7. Fine, J. A., Rajasekar, A. A., Jethava, K. P., & Chopra, G. (2020). Spectral deep learning for prediction and prospective validation of functional groups. *Chemical Science*, 11(18), 4618-4630.
- 8. Yorck, M.M., and Neuhold, M., (2007) Practical Data Analysis in Chemistry, 26, Elsevier Science.
- 9. https://www.practicaldatascience.org/html/pandas series.html.
- 10. Leszczynski, J., Shukla, M. (2012) Practical Aspects of Computational Chemistry II: An Overview of the Last Two Decades and Current Trends, Springer Netherlands.

Course Tile: Chemistry of Natural Products

Paper Code: CHM.575

Credits Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to

CLO1: Recognize various types of natural products and their importance.

CLO2: Identify various types of natural products including their properties, occurrence, structure and biosynthesis.

CLO3: Apply the knowledge of natural product synthesis in drug development

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs		
Unit-1 11 Hours	Terpenoids and Carotenoids: Classification, nomenclature, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination, isoprene rule. Structure determination, stereochemistry, biosynthesis and synthesis of the following representative molecules: Geraniol, Menthol and β -Carotene and biological activities.	CLO1		
	Importance of isoprene rule in the biosynthesis of terpenes through group presentation			
	Advances of terpene based drugs through peer learning			
Unit-2 11 Hours	Alkaloids: Nomenclature and physiological action, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation, degradation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring, structure, stereochemistry, synthesis of the following: Ephedrine, Nicotine, Morphine Reserpine and general theory of biogenesis.			
	Class room debate on theory of biogenesis of alkaloids Group project on structure-activity relationship based on alkaloid structures			
Unit-3 11 Hours	Steroids: Occurrence, nomenclature, basic skeleton and stereochemistry, structure determination and synthesis of cholesterol, partial synthesis of testosterone and progesterone, chemical tests for steroids and biological activities.	CLO2		
	Coumarins and lignans: Classification, isolation, stereochemistry, biological activity, biosynthesis and synthesis of lignans.			
	Group presentation on biological importance of steroids and lignans			
	Peer learning of pharmacophore model of natural products			
Unit-4 12 Hours	Plant pigments: Occurrence, nomenclature and general methods of structure determination. isolation, synthesis and biological activities of anthocyanins, chlorophyll. Carbohydrates: Introduction of sugars, structures of triose, tetrose, pentose, hexose, stereochemistry and reactions of glucose, conformation and anomeric effects in hexoses. Mono, di, oligo- and polysaccharides, separation and isolation, purification, structure determination, biological activity.	CLO3		
	Group presentation on biological importance of plant pigments			
	Class room debate on structures and conformation of carbohydrates			

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming

Suggested Readings

1. Bhat, S.V., Nagasampagi, B.A., and Meenakshi, S. (2009). *Natural Product Chemistry and Applications*. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

- 2. Bhat, S.V., Nagasampagi, B.A., and Sivakumar, M. (2005). *Chemistry of Natural Products*. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Cseke, L.J., (2009). Natural Products from Plants.CRC Press.
- 4. Dewick, P.M. (2009). *Medicinal Natural Products: A Biosynthetic Approach*. Wiley and Sons, UK.
- 5. Finar, I.L., (2006). *Organic Chemistry: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products*. Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd., India.
- 6. Peterson, F. and Amstutz, R., (2008). *Natural Compounds as Drugs*. Birkhauser-Verlay.
- 7. Daley. S. K., Cordell, G. A., Biologically Significant and Recently Isolated Alkaloids from Endophytic Fungi, *J. Nat. Prod.* 2021, 84, 3, 871–897.
- 8. Thomas, W. P., Pronin, S. V., New Methods and Strategies in the Synthesis of Terpenoid Natural Products, *Acc. Chem. Res.* 2021, 54, 6, 1347–1359.
- 9. Ramabulana, T., Scheepers, L.M., Moodley, T., Maharaj, V. J., Stander, A., Gama, N., Ferreira, D., Sonopo, M.S., Selepe, M.A. Bioactive Lignans from *Hypoestes aristata*, *J. Nat. Prod.* 2020, 83, 8, 2483–2489.

Course Title: Supramolecular Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.580 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will acquire knowledge of

CLO1: Various supramolecular aspects of interaction between two chemical systems.

CLO2: Devising supramolecular systems based on complementarity and preorganizational requirements of host.

CLO3: Analyze design of hosts for functions based on supramolecular assembly using complementarity and preorganization.

CLO4: Interpret the basic designs of supramolecular machines

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1 11 Hours	Introduction: Definition and development of supramolecular chemistry, nature of binding interactions in supramolecular structures: ion-ion, ion-dipole, dipole-dipole, H-bonding, cation— π , anion— π , π — π and van der Waalsinteractions. Supramolecular chemistry in life, ionophores, porphyrin and other tetrapyrrollic macrocycles, coenzymes, neurotransmitters, DNA and biochemical self-assembly. Pre-organization and complementarity, receptors, nature of supramolecular interactions. Host-guest chemistry: synthesis and structure of crown ethers, lariat ether and podands, cryptands, spherands, calixarenes, cylcodextrins, cyclophanes, carcerands and hemicarcerands. Concepts of selectivity, macrocyclic, macrobicyclic synthesis and template effects. A group activity on design of complementary architectures with explanation of their utility.	CLO1
Unit 2 11 Hours	Cation Binding: Binding Constant and its determination, concept of coordination chemistry, cation complexation using various preorganized host, soft ligands including N, S and P based macrocycles, Schiff's base, proton and ammonium ion complexation, carbon donor and π - acid ligands, siderophores. Anion Receptor: Anion recognition and its biological relevance, concepts on anion host design, from cation to anion hosts- a simple change in pH, guanidinium- based receptors, neutral receptors, organometallic receptors, coordination interactions. Chromogenic and fluorogenic receptors, dosimeters, ion pair recognition and zwitterion recognition. Innovating receptor designs for challenging and emerging sensing application through team work and brainstorming.	CLO2
Unit 3 11 Hours		CLO3

Unit 4	Supramolecular and Molecular Devices: Supramolecular CLO4
12 Hours	photochemistry and catalysis, molecular electronic devices:
	molecular electronic devices, molecular wires, molecular rectifiers,
	molecular switches and molecular logic gates, organics for
	photonics and electronics.
	Molecular Machines: Molecular machine terminology and bio-
	inspiration, ratchet mechanism including pulsating and tilt
	mechanism, covalent and supramolecular motors and their
	controlling mechanisms, machines based on catenanes and
	rotaxanes. Applications as molecular walkers, switchable catalysts,
	surface analysis at molecular dimensions.
	Hands on exercise in groups to develop a theoretical design of a
	machine tool using organic synthons in supramolecular chemistry.

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

Suggested Readings

- 1. Steed, J. W., and Atwood, J. L. (2013). *Supramolecular chemistry*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Lehn, J. M., (1995). Supramolecular Chemistry-Concepts and Perspectives. Wiley VCH.
- 3. Beer, P.D., Gale, P. A., and Smith, D. K., (1999). *Supramolecular Chemistry*. Oxford University Press.
- 4. Martin, N. and Nierengarten, J.-F. (2012). Supramolecular Chemistry of Fullerenes and Carbon Nanotubes. Wiley-VCH.
- 5. Vicens, J. and Harrowfield, J. (2007). Calixarenes in the Nanoworld. Springer.
- 6. Schalley, C. A. (2012). *Analytical Methods in Supramolecular Chemistry*. Vol. 1 and 2, Wiley-VCH.
- 7. Erbas-Cakmak, S., Leigh, D. A., McTernan, C. T., and Nussbaumer, A. L. (2015). Artificial molecular machines. *Chemical Review*, *115*(18), 10081-10206.
- 8. Kubik, S. (2020) Supramolecular Chemistry: From Concepts to Applications, De Gruyter.
- 9. Dequan, A. L., (2013) Molecular Self-Assembly: Advances and Applications, CRC Press.
- 10. Ferringa, B.-L., Browne, W.R. (2011) Molecular Switches, Wiley Publishing.
- 11. Baruah, J. B. (2017) Concepts for Molecular Machines, World Scientific Publishers Co.
- 12. Hoffmann, P. M. (2012) Life's Ratchet: How Molecular Machines Extract Order from Chaos, Basic Sciences Publishing.

Interdisciplinary Courses (IDCs)

Course Title: Basic Perspectives in Inorganic Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.515 Total Contact Hours: 30

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Learning Outcome: The student will able to

CLO1: Become expertise of the coordination chemistry of d-group elements and coordination of ions within living organisms.

CLO2: Know the environmental chemistry and metal hydrides as hydrogen energy source.

Units/ hours	Content		
Unit-1 7 Hours	Chemistry of d-block elements. coordination chemistry, models and stereochemistry, theories, spectra and bonding.		
	Group discussion and problem solve involving characteristics of transition metals and their compounds.		
Unit-2 7 Hours	Ions role in bioscience:ionophores, porphyrin and other tetrapyrrollic macromolecules, coenzymes, neurotransmitters, metal binding to DNA.	CLO2	
	Brainstorming discussion about essential inorganic elements and their compounds in living organisms		
Unit-3 8 Hours	Metals in aqueous environment: Introduction, environmental chemistry, environmental composition, chemical processes, complexes, metal speciation of calcium, copper and mercury, their behaviour in hydrosphere.	CLO2	
	Discussion on behaviour of metals and complexes in surrounding environmental sphere		
Unit-4 8 Hours	Hydrogen Energy: Introduction, synthesis and structures of metal hydrides, coordination modes of hydrogen atom, hydrogen storage, H ₂ evolution under solar energy, thermal energy and acidifications.	CLO2	
	Group discussion about current requirements and challenges of renewable energy resources.		

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

- 1. Lippard, S.J. and Berg, J.M., (1994) *Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry*. University Science Books.
- 2. Cotton, F. A., and Wilkinson, G. (1988). *Advanced Inorganic Chemistry* (Vol. 545). New York: Wiley.
- 3. Huheey, J. E., Keiter, E. A., Keiter, R. L., and Medhi, O. K. (2006). *Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity*. Pearson Education India.
- 4. Greenwood, N. N., and Earnshaw, A. (2012). Chemistry of the Elements. Elsevier.
- 5. Van-Loon G.W. and Duffy S.J. (2011) *Environmental Chemistry: A Global Perspective*. Oxford University Press.
- 6. Rao C.S. (2006) *Environmental Pollution Control Engineering*. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi,
- 7. Peruzzini, M. and Poli, R. (2005) *Recent Advances in Hydride Chemistry*, Elsevier Science B.V., Amsterdam.

Course Title: Introduction to Green Chemistry and Sustainability

Paper Code: CHM.516 **Total Contact Hours: 30**

Learning objective: Students will be able to

L \mathbf{T} P \mathbf{Cr} 2 0 0 **CLO1:** Analyze the harmful impact of traditional chemical processes on environment and health

CLO2: Realize the relevance of Green Chemistry in the context of environment issues.

CLO3: Acquaint with various tools of Green Chemistry.

CLO4: Realize the judicious utilization of abundantly available precursors instead of depleting petroleum based feedstocks.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 7 Hours	Introduction: Adverse effect of some of the current chemical practices on health and environment, concept and need of green chemistry, basic principles of green chemistry with examples—atom economy, wastage minimization, selection of starting materials etc. limitations/obstacle in the pursuit of the goals of green chemistry, types of solvent. Relevance of the various principles of Green chemistry in various areas for sustainable development through brainstorming.	CLO1, CLO2
Unit-2 7 Hours	Emerging non-conventional techniques: Microwave heating as energy efficient source, mechanism of microwave heating, Examples of microwave assisted organic synthesis, sono-chemistry and green chemistry. Various emerging energy efficient tools and their heating mechanism for conducting chemical reactions through collaborative approach.	CLO1, CLO2 CLO3
Unit-3 8 Hours	Green solvents: Ionic liquids: properties and advantages, use of ionic liquids as solvent as well as catalyst, recyclability of ionic liquids. Solvent-free synthesis. Recyclability of ionic liquids through demonstration and discussion on their potential use as a replacement for halogenated volatile organic. solvents.	CLO2, CLO3
Unit-4 8 Hours	Value addition of abundantly available precursors: Need for the use of renewable precursors over petroleum based feedstocks, biomass conversion (carbohydrates, lignocellulose biomass) into value added molecules. Progress and challenges for the conversion of biomass into value added chemicals through peer group learning.	CLO4

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming

Suggested Readings

- 1. Ahluwalia, V.K and Kidwai, M. (2012) New Trends in Green Chemistry. Springer.
- 2. Anastas, P.T. and Warner J. C. (2000) *Green chemistry: Theory and Practical*. Oxford University Press, US.
- 3. Malhotra, S. V. (2007) *Ionic Liquids in Organic Synthesis*. Oxford University Press, US.
- 4. Ahluwalia, V.K. (2011) *Green Chemistry: Greener Alternatives to Synthetic Organic Transformations*. Alpha Science International Limited.
- 5. Gaudino, E. C., Cravotto, G., Manzoli, M., & Tabasso, S. (2019). From waste biomass to chemicals and energy via microwave-assisted processes. *Green Chemistry*, 21(6), 1202-1235.
- 6. Clauser, N. M., González, G., Mendieta, C. M., Kruyeniski, J., Area, M. C., & Vallejos, M. E. (2021). Biomass waste as sustainable raw material for energy and fuels. *Sustainability*, 13(2), 794.

Course Title: Chemistry of Nanomaterials and Fabrication

Paper Code: CHM.517 Total Contact Hours: 30 Learning Outcome:

CLO1: The students will acquire knowledge of Nanotechnology,

CLO2: Fabrication and characterization of nanomaterials,

CLO3: Properties and applications of nanomaterials.

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 7 Hours	Background to Nanotechnology: Scientific revolution- Atomic structures-molecular and atomic size-Bohr radius -emergence of nanotechnology-challenges in nanotechnology. Definition of a nano system - types of nanocrystals-one dimensional (1D)-two dimensional (2D)-three dimensional(3D) nanostructured materials - quantum dots - quantum wire-multifunctional nanostructures. Relevance of the various aspects of Nano chemistry in various areas	CLO1,
	for sustainable development through brainstorming.	~ ~ ~
Unit-2 7 Hours	Fabrication and Characterization of Nanomaterials: Top-down and bottom-up approaches: chemical routes for synthesis of nanomaterials: chemical precipitation and co-precipitation; metal nanocrystals by reduction, sol-gel synthesis; microemulsions or reverse micelles, myle formation; solvothermal synthesis; thermolysis routes, microwave heating synthesis; sonochemical synthesis; electrochemical synthesis. physical methods: -inert gas condensation, arc discharge, plasma arc technique, MW plasma, laser pyrolysis, molecular beam epitaxy, chemical vapour deposition method and electro deposition. diffraction analyses, imaging techniques, spectroscopic techniques. Variousadvanced techniques for nanomaterials characterization and their formation mechanism through collaborative approach.	CLO2
Unit-3 8 Hours	Nanomaterials and properties: Influence of nucleation rate on the size of the crystals- macroscopic to microscopic crystals and nanocrystals - large surface to volume ratio. Metals (Au, Ag) - metal oxides (TiO2, CeO2, ZnO etc.) - semiconductors (Si, Ge, CdS, ZnSe) - carbon nanotubes (CNT) - ceramics and composites - dilute magnetic semiconductor- biological system - DNA and RNA - lipids - size dependent properties - mechanical, physical and chemical properties. Concept of Nano dimension materials fabrication.	CLO3

Unit-4	Applications of Nanomaterials: Photocatalysis- solar cell-water	CLO3
8 Hours	splitting-energy harvesting- LSPR- molecular electronics and	
	nanoelectronics- quantum electronic devices - CNT based transistor	
	and field emission display -biological applications - biochemical	
	sensor-MRI agent - nanomedicine: molecular manufacturing -	
	MEMS - NEMS - Bio-MEMS - protein nanoarrays - nano fluidics	
	and micro fluidics -self-assembly of nanoparticles for biomedical	
	applications-bacterial structures- cubosomes-dendrimers-DNA	
	nanoparticle conjugates- bioactive nanomaterials-Au nanoparticles	
	and CdSe quantum dots - molecular motors -nanoparticle and protein	
	interactions.	
	Concept of Nano dimension materials for modern applications.	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Rao, C. N. R., Müller, A. and Cheetham, A. K. (Eds.) (2004). *The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications*. Willy-VCH.
- 2. Poole, Jr., C. P. and Owens F. J. (2006). Introduction to Nanotechnology, Wiley-VCH
- 3. Mukhopadhyay, S. M., (2012) Nanoscale Multifunctional Materials: Science and Applications. Willy-VCH
- 4. Kelsall, R. W., Hamley,I. W. and Geoghegan, M. (2005). *Nanoscale Science and Technology*. 2005, John Wiley and Sons.

Course Title: General Laboratory Practices

Paper Code: CHM.518 Total Contact Hours: 30

Learning Outcome: The students will acquire knowledge of

CLO1: Good laboratory practices

CLO2: Quality control and Quality assurance

CLO3: Chemical, biological and radiation hazards in laboratory and safety.

CLO4: General know how of analytical sample preparation.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1	Good Laboratory Practices: Introduction and WHO guidelines on	CLO1
7 Hours	GLP and GMP. History of GLP.Quality assurance in GLP.Quality	
	control laboratory, responsibilities, routine controls, instruments	
	reagents, sampling plans.	
	Regulatory requirement through gaming a laboratory for GLP	
Unit 2	through dramatization. Quality Standards and Quality Assurances: Advantages and	CLO2
8 Hours	disadvantages of quality standards, concepts of quality control,	CLOZ
o Hours	quality assurance its functions and advantages. Standard test	
	procedures, protocols, non-clinical testing, controls on animal	
	house, data generation and storage, quality control documentation,	
	retention samples, records. Complaints and recalls, evaluation of	
	complaints, recall procedures, related records and documents.	
	Understanding the quality deliverability of disciplinary laboratory	
	through team brainstorming.	
Unit 3	Safety and Hazard Analysis: Chemical classification of hazards,	CLO3
8 Hours	Radiation hazard, AERB regulation for Fire and its prevention,	
	biosafety and biohazard. Weapons of Mass destruction	
	Understanding National and international regulatory requirements	
	of chemical and bio- hazards through hands-on inspection of laboratory.	
Unit 4	Basic Analytical practices: Titrimetry, Gravimetric analysis,	CLO4
7 Hours	Potentiometry and Spectrophotometric analysis. Pesticides and	
	pesticide residue extraction, Solid phase extraction etc. Trace metal	
	sample preparations and analysis. Proteomic and metabolomic	
	sample preparations	
	Understanding the selection of analytical procedures for analysis	
	and sample preparation methods using peer learning.	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial.

- 1. Miller, J. C. and Miller, J. N. (1998) Statistics for Analytical Chemistry. Wiley.
- 2. Skoog D. A., Holler, F. J., Crouch, S. R. (2018) Principles of Instrumental analysis Cengage Learning
- 3. Holler, F. J., Crouch, S. R., West, D. M., and Skoog D. A.,(2014) Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry, 9th ed. Cengage Learning.

- 4. http://www.who.int/water_sanitation_health/resourcesquality/wqmchap9.pdf
- 5. https://www.unece.org/fileadmin/DAM/env/water/publications/documents/guidancela boratories.pdf.
- 6. https://www.ugc.ac.in/oldpdf/xiplanpdf/disposalofradioactiv.pdf
- 7. https://www.mea.gov.in/Uploads/PublicationDocs/148_The-Weapons-Mass-destruction-And-Delivery-Systems-Act-2005.pdf
- 8. Westgard, J. O., Barry, P. L. (2016) *Basic QC Practices: Training in Statistical Quality Control for Medical Laboratories*, 4th ed., Westgard Quality Corporation.
- 9. Kenkel, J. (2014) Analytical Chemistry for Technicians, 4th ed., CRC Press.
- 10. Konieczka, P., Namiesnik, J., (2018) *Quality Assurance and Quality Control in the Analytical Chemical Laboratory: A Practical Approach*, 2nd ed. CRC Press.
- 11. WHO (2011) Laboratory Quality Management System Handbook.
- 12. Zaman, G., (2018) Quality Control in Laboratory, Intech Open Publishing.
- 13. Hasnain, M.S., Beg, S., (2019) *Pharmaceutical Quality by Design: Principles and Applications*, Elsevier Science.

Course Title: Chemicals of Everyday life

Paper Code: CHM 519

Total Lectures: 30

Learning objective: Students will be able to

CLO1: Know the utility of various chemicals in daily life.

CLO2: Explain the importance of green approaches as the need of the hour

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Units/ hours	Content		
Unit-1	Chemicals and safety	CLO1	
8 Hours	Chemicals in daily life, Cosmetics, Perfumes, Soaps and detergents, Cleaning action of detergent, Handling of strong acids and bases, Disinfectant, Insecticides and pesticides, Chemical treatment of vegetables and fruits		
	Project work on list of chemicals used in the kitchen and in personal hygiene Project work on chemical constituents present in various spices used in the kitchen, fruits and vegetables		
Unit-2	Common chemical processes	CLO2	
8 Hours	Chemical reactions, Basics of organic synthesis, Chemistry of photosynthesis, Rusting, Electrochemical cells, Metal electroplating, Acid base titration in the lab Use of polymers in daily life, Polymer based products, Teflon, Polystyrene, Plastic bags, ATM cards. Discussion on chemical composition of daily use articles like soap, shampoo, toothpaste etc.		
Unit-3	Chemistry of small bioactive molecules	CLO1,	
7 Hours	Caffeine, Nicotine, Paracetamol, Aspirin, DNA and RNA bases, Carbohydrates Abused substances like morphine, Cannabis, Cocaine etc. Use and overuse of medicines: a debate	CLO2	
Unit-4	Green chemical processes	CLO1,	
7 Hours	Environment friendly process, Principle of green chemistry, Atom economy and scope, Prevention/Minimization of hazardous/toxic products, designing safer chemicals, Selection of appropriate auxiliary substances (solvents, separation agents etc.), Use of renewable starting materials, Avoidance of unnecessary derivatization-careful use of blocking/protection groups Microwave in organic synthesis: Introduction to synthetic organic transformation under microwave (i) Microwave assisted reactions in water (ii) Microwave assisted reactions in organic solvents. (iii) Microwave in solvent free reactions.	CLO2	
	Sustainable lifestyle: peer discussion in the classroom		

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Singh, K., Chemistry in Daily Life, PHI learning, 3rd edition India
- 2. Glasstone, S., *Chemistry in Daily Life*, Cornell University, Methuen & Company Limited, 1929
- 3. Cohan, L., Chemistry in Daily Life; Popular Lectures, HardPress, 2012
- 4. Anastas, P.T., Warner J. C. (2000). *Green Chemistry, Theory and Practical*. Oxford University Press, 1st edition, US.
- 5. Grieco, P.A. (1997). Organic Synthesis in Water. Blackie, 1st edition

Course Title: Chemistry of Drug Design and Synthesis

Paper Code: CHM 508 Total Contact Hours: 30
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Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to

CLO1: Rationalize the basis of drug design, drug action and drug metabolism. **CLO2:** Apply the knowledge to design and synthesize different drug molecules.

CLO3: Interpret the mechanism of action of different classes of drugs.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 8 Hours	Basics of Drug Action: Weak interactions in drug molecules, Covalent, ion, ion-dipole, hydrogen bonding and van der Waals interactions, Drug-receptor interactions, receptor theories and drug action, Occupancy theory, rate theory, induced fit theory, macromolecular perturbation theory, activation-aggregation theory, enzyme kinetics in drug action, mechanisms of enzyme catalysis. Apply the knowledge of drug-receptor interactions in drug design	CLO1
Unit-2 7 Hours	through peer learning Drug Design: Introduction, Structure Activity Relationships in drug design: Qualitative versus quantitative approaches, advantages and disadvantages; rational approaches to lead discovery,	CLO2
	bioisosterism, Insights into molecular recognition phenomenon; Structure based drug design, ligand based drug design.	
	Class discussion of molecular modelling in structure based and ligand based drug design approach	
Unit-3 7 Hours	Drug Metabolism: Biotransformation of drugs, enzymes responsible for bio-transformations, microsomal and non-microsomal mechanisms; Factors influencing enzyme induction and inhibition, Factors effecting drug metabolism; Models to study drug metabolism, Adverse drug reactions; toxic reactions, allergic reactions.	CLO2
	Usefulness of different models to study drug metabolism through peer discussion	
Unit-4 8 Hours	Mechanism of action and synthesis of various drugs Introduction to parasitic and infectious diseases, Mechanism of action of anti-tuberculosis drugs, anti-HIV drugs, anti-malarial drugs, anti-leishmanial drugs and anti-cancer drugs. Mechanism of drug resistance in infectious disease. Synthesis of anti-tuberculosis, anti-HIV, anti-malarial, anti-leishmanial and anti-cancer drugs.	CLO3
	Recent advances on anticancer and antibiotic drug synthesis through brainstorming	

Suggested Readings

1. Patrick, G.L. (2009). *An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry*. 4th Edition, Oxford University Press.

- 2. Coulson, C.J. (1994). *Molecular Mechanisms of Drug Action*, 2nd Edition, Taylor & Francis, London.
- 3. Silverman, R.B., Holladay, M.W. (2014). *The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action*, 3rd Edition, Academic Press.
- 4. Leach, A.R. (2001). Molecular Modelling: *Principles and Applications*, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Cohen, C. (1996). *Molecular Modelling in Drug Design*, Academic Press.
- 6. Gibson, G.G., Skett, P. (2013). *Introduction to Drug Metabolism*, 2nd edition, Springer, US.
- 7. Bancet, A., Raingeval, A., Lomberget, T., Borgne, M-L., Guichou, J-F., Krimm, I. Fragment Linking Strategies for Structure-Based Drug Design, *J. Med. Chem.* 2020, 63, 20, 11420–11435.

Flick, A. C., Leverett, C. A., Ding, H. X., McInturff, E., Fink, S. J., Mahapatra, S., Carney, D. W., Lindsey, E. A., DeForest, J. C., France, S. P., Berritt, S., Bigi-Botterill, S. V., Gibson, T. S., Liu, Y., O'Donnell, C. J. Synthetic Approaches to the New Drugs Approved during 2019, *J. Med. Chem.* 2021, 64, 7, 3604–3657

Course Title: Inorganic Chemistry-III

Paper Code: CHM.551 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

CLO1: Apply properties of f-block elements to analytical and spectroscopic applications

CLO2: Elucidate the inorganic structures using multinuclear-NMR, ESR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy

CLO3: Demonstrate the use of radioanalytical chemistry.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 10 Hours	Lanthanides, actinides and super-heavy elements: Coordination chemistry, magnetic and spectral properties, comparison of general properties of lanthanides and actinides, comparison with d-block elements, organo-lanthanides and actinides, analytical application of lanthanides and actinides-lanthanides as shift reagents and high temperature super conductors. Group discussion on comparative properties and problem solving of lanthanide and Actinide elements.	CLO1, CLO2
Unit-2 15 Hours	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) and Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) Spectroscopy: NMR: Basic concepts of NMR with emphasis on ³¹ P, ¹⁹ F, ²⁹ Si, ¹¹ B, ¹⁰ B, ⁵⁷ Se, ¹²⁵ Te, ⁹⁵ Mo, ¹⁰⁹ Ag, ¹⁹⁵ Pt, ¹¹⁹ Sn and explanation with appropriate examples. NMR study in Fluxional organometallic compounds.	CLO1, CLO2
	ESR : Basic elements of ESR, Fine structure of ESR Signals transition metal ions, Zero-field Splitting, Kramer's Degeneracy, Hyperfine Splitting of various free radical spin polarization for atoms and transition metal ions, spin orbit coupling and significance of <i>g</i> -tensors, application of transition metal complexes (having one unpaired electron) including biological systems.	
	Hand on experience of inorganic complexes for resonance spectroscopy using NMR instrument and structural elucidation.	
Unit-3 10 Hours	Mossbauer Spectroscopy: Basic principles, spectral parameters and spectrum display, application of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of Fe ²⁺ and Fe ³⁺ compounds including those of intermediate spin, (2) Sn ²⁺ and Sn ⁴⁺ compounds- nature of M-L bond, coordination number, structure and (3) detection of oxidation state and non-equivalent MB atoms.	CLO1, CLO2
	Peer discussion on basic parameters and technique implication for structural elucidation of iron and tin contain compounds using Mossbauer Spectroscopy	
Unit-4 10 Hours	Nuclear Chemistry: Classification of nuclides, nuclear stability, atomic energy, types of nuclear reactions-fission and fusion, nuclear decay laws, radioanalytical techniques.	CLO3
	Brainstorming discussion of nuclear reaction and atomic energy.	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

- 1. Cotton, F.A. and Lippard, S.J., (1998). *Progress in Inorganic Chemistry*. Vol. 8, Wiley Internationals.
- 2. Lever, A.B.P.,(1984). *Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy*. Elsevier Science Publishers B.V.
- 3. Parish, R.V.,(1990). NMR, NQR, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry. Ellis Harwood.
- 4. Silverstein, R.M., Bassler, G.C., and Morrill, T.C. (2002). *Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Abraham, R. J., Fisher, J., and Loftus, P. (1988). *Introduction to NMR spectroscopy*. Wiley.
- 6. Martin, M. L., Delpuech, J. J., and Martin, G. J. J. (1980). *Practical NMR Spectroscopy*. Heyden.
- 7. Williams, D. H., and Fleming, I. (1980). *Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry*. McGraw-Hill.
- 8. Greenwood, N. N., and Earnshaw, A. (2012). Chemistry of the Elements. Elsevier.
- 9. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edition (2012). Elsevier.
- 10. Kent, B. *Inorganic Chemistry: Reactions, Structures and Mechanisms* (12 June 2019), NY Research Press.
- 11. Close, D. *Principles of Inorganic Chemistry* (19 June 2019), Larsen and Keller Education

Course Title: Organic Chemistry-III

Paper Code: CHM.552 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: The students will be able to

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- **CLO1:** Interpret and demonstrate use of free radical chemistry for various coupling reactions including metal-free C-H bond activation/ functionalization.
- **CLO2:** Apply various oxidizing and reducing reagents in a logical manner for their application in functional group transformation in organic synthesis.
- **CLO3:** Compare the reactivity of smaller, five and six membered heterocyclic compounds and perform their synthesis.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 11 Hours	Free radical reactions: Types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism at an aromatic substrate, free radical rearrangement, neighbouring group assistance, reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates at a bridgehead, Reactivity in the attacking radicals, the effect of solvents on reactivity, auto-oxidation. Coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds by diazonium salts. Recent trends in oxidative functionalization of C-H bond <i>via</i> free radical chemistry. **Brainstorming on identification of free radical quenching reagents** **India of the little of the lit	CLO1
Unit-2 11 Hours	Metal and non-metal mediated oxidation: Mechanism, selectivity, stereochemistry and applications of oxidation reactions, Baeyer-Villiger, Oppenauer oxidation, oxidation reactions using DDQ, NBS, Pb(OAc) ₄ , Selenium dioxide, PCC, PDC, Cr and Mn based reagents, phase transfer catalysis, Periodic acid, Ceric ammonium nitrate, OsO ₄ , Swern oxidation, hydroboration, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, epoxidations using peracids. Recent approaches for oxidation using green oxidants. Demonstration on the synthesis and application of oxidizing agents like PCC. Peer discussion on green oxidizing agents.	CLO2
Unit-3 11 Hours	Metal mediated reduction: Mechanism, selectivity, stereochemistry and applications of catalytic hydrogenations using Pd, Pt and Ni catalysts (Lindlar, Rosenmund, Adam's catalysts), Wilkinson's catalyst, Clemmensen reduction, Wolff-Kishner reduction, Meerwein-Pondorff-Verley reduction, dissolving metal reductions, Birch reduction, Reductions using metal hydride NaBH ₄ , Luche reduction, NaBH ₃ CN, L-selectride, K-selectride, NaBH(OAc) ₃ , LiAlH ₄ , DIBAL. Peer discussion on selective use and careful handling of reducing agents.	CLO2

Unit-4 **Heterocyclic Chemistry:** Systematic (Hantzsch-Widman system) CLO3 12 Hours and replacement nomenclature for monocyclic, fused and bridged heterocycles, aromatic heterocycle, non-aromatic heterocycle: bond angle and torsional strains and their consequences in small ring heterocycles, conformation of six-membered heterocycles. Three-membered and four-membered heterocycles: aziridines, oxiranes, thiranes, azetidines, oxetanes. Five membered heterocycles containing two heteroatoms (S, N, O): Diazoles (imidazole, pyrazole), triazoles, oxazoles and thiazoles. Benzo-fused five-membered heterocycles: Indoles, benzofurans and benzimidazoles. Six-membered heterocycles: Synthesis and reactions of coumarins, chromones. Debate on reactivity order, basic and aromatic character of fiveand six- membered heterocycles containing one and two heteroatoms.

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming

- 1. Warren, S., (2010). Organic synthesis: The Synthon Approach. John Wileyand Sons.
- 2. Yadav, L. D. S., Singh, J., and Singh, J. (2017). *Organic Synthesis*, Pragati Prakashan, India.
- 3. Norman, R.O.C., and Coxon, J. M. (1993). *Principle of Organic Synthesis*, CRC Press; 3rd edition.
- 4. Ahluwalia, V. K., and Parasar R. K., (2011). *Organic Reaction Mechanism*. Narosa Publishing House (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Bansal, R. K. (2012). A Textbook of Organic Chemistry. New Age International.
- 6. Bansal, R. K. *Heterocyclic Chemistry*, 5th Edition, 2010, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 7. Carey, F. A., and Sundberg, R. J. (2007). *Advanced organic chemistry: part B.* Springer Science and Business Media.
- 8. Finar, I. L. (1996). Textbook of Organic Chemistry. ELBS, Pearson Education UK.
- 9. Gilchrist, T. L., (1997). *Heterocyclic Chemistry*. Addison Wesley Longman Publishers, US.
- 10. Gupta R.R., Kumar M., and Gupta V., (2010). *Heterocyclic Chemistry-II Five Membered Heterocycles*. Vol. 1-3, Springer Verlag, India.
- 11. Joule, J. A., and Mills, K., (2010). *Heterocyclic Chemistry*. Blackwell Publishers, New York.
- 12. Smith, M. B., (2013). *March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 13. Corey, E. J., and Cheng X.-M., (1989). *The Logic of Chemical Synthesis*. John Wiley and Sons.

- 14. Gulevich, A. V., Dudnik, A. S., Chernyak, N., and Gevorgyan, V., *Transition Metal-Mediated Synthesis of Monocyclic Aromatic Heterocycles*. Chemical Reviews, 2013, 113, 3084-3213.
- 15. Patil, N. T., and Yamamoto, Y., Coinage Metal-Assisted Synthesis of Heterocycles. *Chemical Reviews*, 2008, 108, 8, 3395-3442.
- 16. Gribble, G. W., Joule J. A. (2021) *Progress in Heterocyclic Chemistry*, Elsevier Health Sciences Division, USA

Course Title: Bioinorganic and Biophysical Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.553

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Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to

- **CLO1:** Determine structure and biological functions of metalloproteins and enzymes.
- **CLO2:** Classify metallobiomolecules on the basis of their functional properties.
- **CLO3:** Analyze the role of metal ions in the biological system.
- **CLO4:** Determine the factors that govern the thermodynamic and mechanical stability, folding, and dynamics of proteins.
- **CLO5:** Interpret kinetics, thermodynamics, and mechanism of protein folding.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1 11 Hours	Inorganic Chemistry of Enzymes – I: Metalloporphyrins: Hemoglobin and myoglobin, nature of heme-dioxygen binding, model systems, cooperativity in hemoglobin, structure and function of hemoglobin and myoglobin. Other iron-porphyrin biomolecules, peroxidases and catalases, cytochromes, cytochrome P450 enzymes, other natural oxygen carriers, hemerythrins, electron transfer. Biochemistry of iron, iron storage and transport, ferritin and transferrin. Brainstorming regarding structure-function relationship of heme and non-heme protein.	CLO1
Unit 2 12 Hours	Inorganic Chemistry of Enzymes – II: Metallothioneins: Ferredoxins, carboxypeptidase, carbonic anhydrase, blue copper proteins, superoxide dismutase and hemocyanins. Enzymes: Structure and function, inhibition and poisoning vitamin B ₁₂ and B ₁₂ coenzymes metallothioneins, bio-inorganic chemistry of Mo and W. Comparison of the reactivity of Ferredoxins and artificial Ironsulfur clusters. Peer group discussion on structure-function relationship of metallothioneins and metalloenzymes.	CLO2
Unit 3 11 Hours	Metal Ions in Biological Systems: Role of metal ions in replication and transcription process of nucleic acids. Biochemistry of calcium as hormonal messenger, muscle contraction, blood clotting, neurotransmitter, metals in the regulation of biochemical events. Group discussion on the significance of metal ions and non-metals in various diseases.	CLO3

Unit 4	Biophysical Chemistry: Principles of biophysical chemistry (pH,	CLO4,
11 Hours	buffer, reaction kinetics, thermodynamics), physical principle of structure, function, and folding of proteins, conformations of proteins (Ramachandran plot, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure; domains; motif and folds), determination of protein structures by spectroscopic methods (CD, FTIR, NMR), thermodynamics of protein folding by spectroscopic and calorimetric methods, protein conformational study by NMR and fluorescence spectroscopy.	CLO5
	Demonstration of applications of spectroscopic and calorimetric techniques for biochemical and biophysical characterizations of macromolecules.	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Huheey, J. E., Keiter, E. A., Keiter, R. L., and Medhi, O. K. (2006). *Inorganic chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity*. Pearson Education India.
- 2. Douglas, B. E., and McDaniel, D. H. (1965). *Concepts and models of inorganic chemistry*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. Cotton, F. A., and Wilkinson, G. (1988). *Advanced inorganic chemistry* (Vol. 545). New York: Wiley.
- 4. Elschenbroich, C. (2016). *Organometallics*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Atkins, P., Overtone, T., Rourke, J., Weller, J., and Armstrong, F., (2010). *Shriver and Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry*. Oxford University Press.
- 6. Cowan, J. A. (1997). *Inorganic Biochemistry: An Introduction*. Wiley VCH.
- 7. Lippard, S. J. (1991). *Progress in Inorganic Chemistry*. Vol. 18, Wiley-Interscience.
- 8. Lippard, S. J. (1991). *Progress in Inorganic Chemistry*. Vol. 38, Wiley-Interscience.
- 9. Lesk, A. M., (2010). *Introduction to Protein Science: Architecture, Function, and Genomics*. Oxford University Press.
- 10. Cantor, C. R. and Schimmel, P. R., (1980). Biophysical Chemistry. Freeman.
- 11. Van Holde, K. E., Johnson, W.C., and Ho, P. S., (2006). *Principles of Physical Biochemistry*. Pearson Education.
- 12. Harding, S. E. and Chowdhry, B. Z. (2001). *Protein-Ligand Interactions*. Oxford University Press.
- 13. Kepp, K. P., Bioinorganic Chemistry of Alzheimer's Disease. *Chem. Rev.* 2012, 112, 10, 5193-5239.
- 14. Snyder, B. E. R., Bols, M. L., Schoonheydt, R. A., Sels, B. F. and Solomon, E. I. Iron and Copper Active Sites in Zeolites and Their Correlation to Metalloenzymes. *Chem. Rev.* 2018, 118, 2718-2768.
- 15. Huang, X., and Groves, J. T., Oxygen Activation and Radical Transformations in Heme Proteins and Metalloporphyrins. *Chem. Rev.* 2018, 118, 2491-2553.

Course Title: Advanced Practical Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.556 Total Contact Hours: 60
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Learning Outcome: At the end of this course students will be able to

- **CLO1:** Identify various agents used for drying of solvents and their disposal.
- **CLO2:** Separate and purify the desired product from an organic reaction.
- CLO3: Characterize organic compounds using various spectroscopic techniques.
- **CLO4:** Realize the impact of various coupling and click chemistry strategies for construction of value added chemicals.
- **CLO5:** Biochemical, biophysical and structural characterizations of bio-macromolecules.

Experiments:

Solvent Drying: Use of sodium metal for drying of toluene and precautions while quenching the residual sodium. Drying of DCM using P₂O₅ and safe disposal of residual P₂O₅.

- Separation and purification of organic compounds by column 1. Synthesis: chromatography, percentage yield calculation (any seven)
 - Preparation of allylic alcohols via Baylis-Hillman reaction using DABCO as a catalyst and their characterization through various spectroscopic techniques.
 - To study the reaction of vanillin with malonic acid for the synthesis of 4-2. Vinylguaiacol.
 - To study Buchwald-Hartwig reaction of aryl halide with an amine using Cu-based 3. catalyst.
 - 4. Synthesis of triazole *via* reaction of alkyne with azide (Huisgen cycloaddition).
 - Synthesis of stilbenes *via* Heck coupling Strategy.
 - To study decarboxylation of Ferulic acid under microwave irradiation.
 - 7. To study dehydration of benzylic alcohols using imidazolium based ionic liquid.
 - To synthesize benzofused heterocyclic compounds 8. (a) Coumarin (b) benzothiazole (c) pyrazole (d) isooxazole
 - 9. To synthesize 2-phenyl-1,3,4-oxadiazole from benzhydrazide.
 - 10. To synthesize substituted benzodiazepine from chalcone via reflux conditions.
 - 11. To study synthesis of Dilantin *via* benzylic-acid rearrangement
 - 12. To study the rearrangement of benzopinacol into benzopinacolone
 - 13. To study the Vielsmeyer-Haack reaction of indole/acetophenones.
 - 14. To study the three component coupling for the synthesis of (any one)
 - a. dihydropyrimidinone (*via* Biginelli reaction)
 - b. propargylamine (*via* A³-coupling)

2. Advanced Instrumentation Experiments:

- 1. Determination of concentrations of proteins and DNA using spectrophotometer
- Structural analysis of amino acids and proteins using CD, NMR and Fluorescence spectrometer.
- Study of thermal denaturation (T_m and DH_m) of proteins and DNA using UV-Visible spectrophotometer, CD spectrometer and DSC.
- Measurement of zeta potential and sizes of nanoparticles by DLS 4.
- Determination of Michaelis-Menten (Km) constant in enzyme kinetics.
- Particle size and hydrodynamic radii analysis for adsorbents, protein or nanoparticles
- Measurement of affinity constant of metal complex or metal binding to protein by 7. **ITC**

Mode of Transactions: Demonstration, PPT, videos, Lecture cum demonstration

- 1. Vogel, A.I. (2003) *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*. ELBS, Longman Group Ltd.
- 2. Mann, F.G. and Saunders, B.C. (2009) *Practical Organic Chemistry*. Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Leonard, J. and Lygo, B.(1995) *Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry*. Chapman and Hall.
- 4. Armarego, W.L. and Chai, C. (2012) *Purification of Laboratory Chemicals*. Butterworth-Heinemann.
- 5. Kaur, P. Kumar B. Gurjar, K.K. Kumar, R, Kumar, V, and Kumar, R. (2021) Metaland solvent-free multicomponent decarboxylative A3-coupling for the synthesis of propargylamines: Experimental, computational and biological investigations, *The Journal of Organic Chemistry*, 2020, 85(4), 2231-2241
- 6. Young, J.A. (1991) *Improving Safety in the Chemical Laboratory: A Practical Guide*. Wiley Publishing.
- 7. Cantor, C.R. and Schimmel, P.R (1980). Biophysical Chemistry Part II: Techniques for the Study of Biological Structure and Function, W. H. Freeman & Co., New York
- 8. Van Hlde, K.E., Johnson W.C. and Ho John, P.S. (2005) Principles of Physical Biochemistry" 2 nd edition, Pearson Prentice Hall.
- 9. Wilson, J. M., Newcombe, R. J., and Denaro, A. R., (2016) Experiments in Physical Chemistry, 2nd Ed., Elsevier Science
- 10. Haghi, A. K., Aguilar, C. N., Cortes, J. S. and Ascacio-Valdés, J. A. (2021) Practical Applications of Physical Chemistry in Food Science and Technology, Apple Academic Press.
- 11. Kumari, A., Anand, R., Kumari, R. (2019) Physical Chemistry Laboratory Manual: An Interdisciplinary Approach, I K International Publishing House Pvt. Limited.

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12. Firth, J. B. (2018) Practical Physical Chemistry, Creative Media Partners, LLC.

Course Title: Entrepreneurship

Paper Code: CHM.586

Total Hours: 15

Learning Outcomes: On the completion of this course, students will be able

CLO1: To develop understanding about problems and prospects in entrepreneurship.

CLO2: To gain insights about entrepreneurial behaviour and skills.

CLO3: To understand the protection of innovation and intellectual property rights

CLO4: To develop understanding about writing business plan/project proposals & managing start-up issues.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
UNIT I 4 Hours	Entrepreneurial Structure; Nature, Characteristics, functions and its role in economic development, Entrepreneurship- problems and prospects in India Entrepreneurial Behaviour and Skills *Role of Entrepreneurship in economic development of India through peer group discussion.	CLO1
UNIT II 4 Hours	Role of industries/entrepreneur's associations and self-help groups, Funding opportunities for start-ups. Basic start-up problems, Preliminary contracts with the vendors, suppliers, bankers, principal customers. Contents of business plan/ project proposal Peer discussion on various start-ups and recent funding opportunities.	CLO2
UNIT III 4 Hours	Intellectual property: Concept of intellectual property, Industrial property: Patents, Trademarks, GI, copyrights and related rights. WTO, WIPO and various treaties: Trade related aspects of intellectual property rights (TRIPS), Trade related investment measures (TRIMS). Scope of Protection, Risks involved and legal aspects of Trade Secret Protection. Case studies on traditional knowledge and patent issues; Turmeric, Basmati and neem cases	CLO3
UNIT IV 3 Hours	Key business concepts Business plans, market need, project management and routes to market. Chemistry in Industry, Current challenges and opportunities, role of chemistry in India and global economies. Use of hazardous chemicals in Industries and the Importance of development of cost-effective and green technology. Group presentations on the Importance of development of cost-effective and benign technologies	CLO4

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

References:

- 1. Nwaeke, L.I.(2002), Business Concepts and Perspectives, Springfield Publishers.
- 2. Silva, T. D. (2013), Essential Management Skills for Pharmacy and Business Managers, CRC Press.
- 3. Pandey, N.; Dhami, K. (2014), Intellectual Property Rights, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Acharya, N.K.(2001), Text Book of Intellectual Property Rights, Asia Law House.
- 5. Ganguli, P. (2001), Intellectual Property Rights: unleashing the knowledge economy. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 6. Nithyananda K.V. (2019), Intellectual Property Rights, Protection and Management. Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.

7. de Jong, A., De Ruyter, K., Keeling, D. I., Polyakova, A., & Ringberg, T. (2021). Key trends in business-to-business services marketing strategies: Developing a practice-based research agenda. Industrial Marketing Management, *93*, 1-9.

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Course Title: Green Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.520 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning outcome: Students will be able to

CLO1: Differentiate various aspects of green chemistry for sustainable development

CLO2: Utilize ionic liquids, water and solid supported reaction conditions to reduce or eliminate use of volatile organic solvents

CLO3: Utilize energy efficient MW and ultrasonicaton in organic synthesis.

CLO4: Apply the judicious use of green reagents for the environmental friendly synthesis of value added chemicals

Unit-1 11 Hours Introduction to green chemistry: History, need and goals. Green chemistry and sustainability, dimensions of sustainability, limitations/obstacles in pursuit of the goals of green chemistry. Opportunities for the next generation of materials designers to create	CLO1
a safer future. Basic principles of green chemistry: Atom economy and scope, Prevention/Minimization of hazardous/toxic products, designing safer chemicals, Selection of appropriate auxiliary substances (solvents, separation agents etc.), use of renewable starting materials, Avoidance of unnecessary derivatization-careful use of blocking/protection groups. Use of catalytic reagents (wherever possible) in preference to stoichiometric reagents, designing biodegradable products, Prevention of chemical accidents, Strengthening/development of analytical techniques to prevent and minimize the generation of hazardous substances in chemical processes. Development of accurate and reliable sensors and monitors for real time in process monitoring. Group project on various green process successfully employed in chemical industries Green Chemistry is not costly: Classroom debate Chemistry and sustainable lifestyle: Peer Discussion Unit-2 In Hours Green Solvents: Role of solvents in chemical synthesis, Environmental and health concerns of organic solvents, need for alternative/cleaner solvents, Criteria for selection and design of green solvents Water: the natural solvent on earth, organic reactions: hydrophobic effects enhancing the reaction selectivities, low solubility of O2 in water, water soluble catalysts, challenges in using water as solvent, Ionic liquids: physicochemical properties, Synthesis of Ionic Liquids, Directed Inorganic and Organometallic Synthesis, formation of oxides, electrochemical synthesis in ionic liquids, Glycerol: solvent properties, volatility, polarity, availability, glycerol as a solvent combining the advantages of water and ionic liquids, enhancement of reaction selectivity, glycerol as a solvent for catalyst design and recycling, separation processes and material synthesis in glycerol, examples of synthesis of transition metal and metal oxide crystals Supercritical fluids: supercritical CO2 and its properties, advantages of using CO2 as solvent, Synthesis of metal nanoparticles, CO2 as s	

Unit-3 11 Hours	Microwave induced and ultrasound assisted green synthesis: Introduction to synthetic organic transformation under microwave (i) Microwave assisted reactions in water (ii) Microwave assisted reactions in organic solvents. (iii) Microwave solvent free reactions Ultrasound assisted reactions: Introduction, substitution reactions,	CLO3
	addition, oxidation, reduction reactions. Biocatalysts in organic synthesis: Introduction, Biochemical oxidation and reductions. Modern tools as source of energy for chemical reactions	
Unit-4	Approaches to green synthesis: Use of green reagents: polymer	CLO4
12 Hours	supported reagents: peptide coupling reagents. Green catalysts,	
	Phase-transfer catalysts in green synthesis. Advantages of PTC,	
	Application of PTCs in C-alkylation, N-alkylation, S-alkylation.	
	Darzens reaction, Williamsons synthesis, Wittig reaction, Click	
	Chemistry. Use of Crown ethers in esterification, saponification.	
	Micellar catalysis, Biocatalysis.	
	Role of Green reagents and their applications for the synthesis of diverse scaffolds through peer learning Implication and challenges of Biocatalysis in industrial setting through group presentation.	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming

- 1. Anastas, P., Crabtree, R. H. (2013, 9th edition), *Handbook of Green Chemistry*, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- 2. Ahluwalia, V. K.; Kidwai M. (2004). New Trends in Green Chemistry, Springer
- 3. Anastas, P.T.; Warner J. C. (2005, reprint edition). *Green chemistry, Theory and Practical*. Oxford University Press, UK.
- 4. Grieco, P.A. (1998). Organic Synthesis in Water. Publisher: Springer.
- 5. Wasserscheid, P., and Welton, T., (2008), *Ionic Liquids in Synthesis*, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA.
- 6. Sheldon, R.A., Arends, I. and Hanefeld U. (2007), *Green Chemistry and Catalysis*, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA.
- 7. William M. N.; (2003) *Green Solvents for Chemistry: Perspectives and Practice*, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Zhigang Lei, Biaohua Chen, Yoon-Mo Koo, and Douglas R. MacFarlane; Introduction: Ionic Liquids, *Chem. Rev.* 2017, 117, 10, 6633–6635
- 9. Peter Priecel and Jose Antonio Lopez-Sanchez, Advantages and Limitations of Microwave Reactors: From Chemical Synthesis to the Catalytic Valorization of Biobased Chemicals; Peter Priecel *ACS Sustainable Chem. Eng.* 2019, 7, 1, 3–21.

Course Title: Solid State Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.560 Total Contact Hours: 45

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Learning Outcome: After completion of this course, the students will be able to

CLO1: Physicochemical properties, defects in solid, diffraction techniques, electrical and magnetic properties of materials.

CLO2: The relationship between material structure and physical attributes associated with them.

CLO3: Advance applications of these materials.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 15 Hours	Solid State Structure: Primitive lattice vectors, reciprocal lattice, crystal systems and symmetry, Bravais lattices, lattice energy, crystal structure of diamond, NaCl, KCl, CsCl, TiO ₂ , etc., Defects: Intrinsic and extrinsic defects, point, line and plane defects, vacancies, Schottky defects, Frenkel defects, Thermodynamic and structural aspects. Diffraction Methods: Basic concepts of X-ray, electron and neutron diffraction methods, structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities, structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density, phase identification, X-ray structure analysis, XRD and its applications, polymorphism and cocrystallization. Demonstration of characterization of these solid state materials like XRD.	CLO1,
Unit-2 10 Hours	Magnetic Materials (Ferrites) Introduction, structure and	CLO2
Unit-3 10Hours	Semiconductor and Superconductors: Band theory, band gap,	CLO3
Unit-4 10 Hours	Nanomaterials: Nanoparticles: zero dimensional nanostructure, homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation, metallic nanoparticlessynthesis and applications; nanowires and nanorods: one dimensional nanostructures, spontaneous growth, VLS, electro spinning, lithography; thin film: two dimensional nanostructure- preparation techniques; Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) film growth techniques, photolithography properties and applications. Brainstorming session on the properties of low dimension materials formation. Concept of Nano dimension materials for modern applications.	CLO3

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming.

- 1. Ashcroft, N. W., and Mermin, N. D. (1976). *Introduction to Solid State Physics*. Saunders.
- 2. Callister Jr., W. D., and Rethwisch, D. G. (2012). Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering: An Integrated Approach. John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. Anderson, J. C., Leaver, K. D., Rawlings, R. D., and Leavers, P. S. (2004). *Materials Science for Engineers*. CRC Press.
- 4. Keer, H. V. (1993). Principles of the Solid State. New Age International.

Course Title: Polymer Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.561 Total Lectures: 45
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Learning Outcomes: The student upon completion of the course would be able to

CLO1: Elucidate the different mechanisms of polymerization.

CLO2: Demonstrate and compare the various polymer production methods and their key chemical kinetic paramaters.

CLO3: Apply the various methods for determination of Number, weight and viscosity averaged molecular weights.

CLO4: Elucidate and demonstrate the processing of thermoplastic and thermosetting polymers.

CLO5: Apply the polymers for their use in biological and lifestyle applications.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
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UNIT I 13 Hours	Polymers Synthesis and Characterization: Classification of polymers. Types of polymerization processes: Bulk, solution, suspension and emulsion polymerization, their advantages and disadvantages. Addition, radical, ionic, coordination and condensation polymerization; their mechanism and role of initiator, chain transfer agent, solvent and inhibitor. Effect of structure of monomer on free-radical polymerization. Polymerization conditions and polymer reactions. Polymerization in homogeneous and heterogeneous systems. Method for reaction rate determination using Rotating disk method and Pulsed Laser Photolysis – Size exclusion chromatography (PLP-SEC).	
	Learning use of various polymerization options by peer learning.	
UNIT II 11 Hours	Polymer: Significance of molecular weight of polymer. Polydispersive average molecular weight. number, weight and viscosity average weights. Measurement of molecular weights. End group, viscosity, light scattering, osmotic and ultracentrifugation methods. Chemical and spectroscopic analysis of polymers. X-ray diffraction study. Polymer structure and physical properties: crystalline melting point T _m , melting points of homogeneous series, effect of chain flexibility and other steric factors, entropy and heat of fusion. The glass transition temperature, T _g relationship between T _m and T _g , effects of molecular weight, diluents, chemical structure, chain topology, branching and cross linking. <i>Understanding the polymer molecular mass estimation and distribution using problem solving approach.</i>	CLO3
UNIT III 11 Hours	Structure and properties: Configuration of polymer chains. Crystal structure of polymers, morphology of crystalline polymers. Thermal analysis, tensile strength, fatique, impact,tear resistance, hardness and abrasion resistance. Polymer Processing: Plastics, elastomers and fibers. Compounding. Processing techniques, calendaring, die casting, rotational casting, film casting, injection moulding, blow moulding, extrusion moulding, thermoforming, foaming, reinforcing and fibre spinning. Analysis of polymer processing parameters using brainstorming session.	CLO4

UNIT IV 10 Hours	Applications of Polymers: Properties of polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, polyamides, polyesters, phenolic resins, epoxy resins and silicone polymers. Functional polymers, fire retarding polymers and electrically conducting polymers. Biomedical polymers, contact lens, dental polymers, artificial heart, kidney, skin and blood cells.	CLO5
	Biopolymers: The structure, function, and properties of synthetic (dextran, ficoll) and natural biopolymers (Cellulose, CMC, alginate, chitin, DNA, nucleic acids, nucleotides, proteins), conformation of nucleic acids (DNA, t-RNA, micro-RNA), molecular architecture for some biological structures such as collagen, tissue, silk, wool, and shell. Introduction to biomedical materials and drug delivery formulations. <i>Game based and flipped learning of applications of polymers</i> .	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

Suggested Readings

- 1. Carraher Jr, C. E. (2016). Carraher's polymer chemistry. 9th ed. CRC press.
- 2. Chanda, M. (2013) Introduction to polymer science and Chemistry: A Problem Solving Approach, 2nd ed., CRC Press.
- 3. Ebewele, R. O. (2000) Polymer Science and Technology, CRC Press.
- 4. Billmeyer, Jr., F.W. (2007). Textbook of Polymer Science. Wiley.
- 5. Odian, G. (2004). *Principles of Polymerization*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 6. Cowie, J. M. G., and Arrighi, V. (2007). *Polymers: Chemistry and Physics of Modern Materials*. CRC press.
- 7. Takemoto, K. Inaki Y. and Ottanbrite R.M. (1997). Functional Monomers and Polymers, CRC Press.
- 8. Gowariker, V. R., Viswanathan, N. V., and Sreedhar, J. (1986). *Polymer Science*. New Age International.
- 9. Alcock H.R., Lambe, F.W., and Mark, J. E., (2003). *Contemporary Polymer Chemistry*, Prentice Hall.
- 10. Peacock, A., and Calhoun, A. (2012). *Polymer Chemistry-Properties and Applications*. Hanser Publishers, Munich.
- 11. Bahadur, P., and Sastry, N. V., (2002). *Principles of Polymerization*, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 12. Thomas, E. (2007) https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/materials- science-and-engineering/3-063-polymer-physics-spring-2007
- 13. Langbeheim, E. (2020) Simulating the Effects of Excluded-Volume Interactions in Polymer Solutions J. Chem. Educ. 97(6), 1613-1617 DOI: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.0c00003

Course Title: Inorganic Photochemistry

Paper Code: CHM.562 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: The student will be able to

CLO1: Inorganic photochemistry and photophysical chemistry.

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CLO2: The characterization of transient intermediates by ultrafast modern techniques.

CLO3: The theory of photoreaction.

CLO4: The photochemistry and photophysical chemistry of macromolecules.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 10 Hours	Basics of Photochemistry: Electronic transitions, Jablonski diagram and photophysical processes, radiative transitions, absorption and emission, phosphorescence, intersystem crossing, mechanisms of singlet-triplet conversion (spin-orbit coupling), examples of ISC between states of different configurations, radiative rates, radiationless transitions, internal conversion, energy gap. Brainstorming on identification of the various photophysical process where electronic transitions of inorganic molecules are relevant to	CLO1,
Unit-2 10 Hours	Photochemical Mechanism: Properties of excited states- structure, dipole moment, photochemical kinetics- calculation of rates of radiative process; bimolecular deactivation- quenching; excited states of metal complexes comparison with organic compounds, electronically excited states of metal complexes, charge transfer excitation. Demonstration of the inorganic photochemical reactions and discussion on their potential use as a replacement for artificial photosynthesis.	CLO2
Unit-3 10Hours	Ligand Field Photochemistry: Photosubstitution, photooxidation and photoreduction, ground state and excited state, energy content of the excited state, development of redox potentials of the excited states; redox reactions by excited metal complexes- energy transfer (FRET and SET), exciplex formation. Discussion on recent variants of well-established photochemical process.	CLO3
Unit-4 15 Hours	Applications of Photochemistry: Measurement of fluorescence and phosphorescence and lifetimes, introduction to time-resolved techniques for absorption and emission measurements, detection and kinetics of reactive intermediates, photochromic reactions and memory devices, sensors, switches and molecular machines, TiO ₂ photocatalysis, flash photolysis. Application and challenges for the harvesting of energy via value added chemicals.	CLO4

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Lakowicz, J. R., (2006). Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy, Springer.
- 2. Rohatgi-Mukherjee, K. K., (1986). Fundamentals of Photochemistry. New Age International.
- 3. Kryukov, A. I., and Yakuchmii, S., (1990). Fundamentals of Photochemistry of Coordination Compounds.
- 4. Kavarnos, G. J. (1993). Fundamentals of Photoinduced Electron Transfer. Vch Pub.
- 5. Valeur, B., and Berberan-Santos, M. N. (2012). *Molecular Fluorescence: Principles and Applications*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 6. Turro, N. J., Ramamurthy, V., and Scaiano, J. C. (2012). *Modern Molecular Photochemistry of Organic Molecules*. Wiley Publishers.
- 7. Ninomiya, I., and Naito, T. (2012). Photochemical Synthesis. Academic Press.

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Course Title: Advanced Organic Synthesis

Paper Code: CHM.574 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: The students will be able to

CLO1: Identify various asymmetric tools for the synthesis of chiral compounds.

CLO2: Design the synthesis of alkenes and functionalized molecules utilizing phosphorus, nitrogen and sulphur ylides.

CLO3: Explore various reagents for functional group conversions and synthesis of organic frameworks.

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 12 Hours	Asymmetric synthesis: Chiral pools, chiral catalysis: chiral auxiliaries, methods of asymmetric induction — substrate, reagent and catalyst controlled reactions; determination of enantiomeric and diastereomeric excess; enantio-discrimination. resolution — optical and kinetic, chemo- regio- and stereoselective transformations, organocatalysis and biocatalysis. Purpose and importance of chirality in various biologically active compounds and drug molecules (recent stringent FDA guidelines	CLO1
Unit-2 11 Hours	Reaction of ylides: Phosphorus ylide; structure and reactivity, stabilized ylides, effects of ligands on reactivity, Witting, Wittig-Horner and Wadsworth Emmons reactions-mechanistic realization; E/Z selectivity for olefin formation, Schlosser modification. Sulphur ylides; stabilized and non-stabilized ylides: thermodynamically and kinetically controlled reactions with carbonyl compounds, regio-and stereo-selective reactions. Nitrogen Ylides; Stevens rearrangement, Sommelet-Hauser rearrangement. Peterson's olefination. Peer group discussion on various methods to construct double bonds (including exocyclic double bonds) and respective advantages.	CLO2
Unit-3 11 Hours	Organometallic compounds: Organoboranes: Preparation of organoboranes viz hydroboration with BH ₃ -THF, dicyclohexylborane, disiamylborane, thexylborane, 9-BBN catalyzed hydroboration, functional group transformations of organoboranes: oxidation, protonolysis and rearrangements, formation of carbon-carbon-bonds <i>viz</i> organoboranes carbonylation. Chiral Organobornaes: diisopinocampheyl borane, alpine borane. Applications of organolithium, organozinc, organosilicon, organopalladium and organostannous compounds in C-C coupling reactions. Expression of the views of the students on latest advancement in the area of organoboranes including stereochemical aspects through presentation.	
Unit-4 11 Hours	Reagents in organic synthesis: Gilman's reagent, Lithium diisopropylamide (LDA), 1,3-Dithiane (Umpolung reagent), Trimethylsilyl iodide, Baker's yeast, Woodward and Prevost reagents, Crown ether, Merrifield resin, Fenton's reagents, Ziegler-Natta catalyst, Lawsson reagent, IBX, Fetizon reagent, Dioxiranes, Tebbe reagent, Corey-Nicolaou reagent and macrolactonization, Mosher's reagent. Comparison on the reactivity and selectivity of various reagents through collaborative learning.	CLO3

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Kalsi, P. S. (2020). *Organic Reactions and Their Mechanism*. New Age International Publisher, India; 5th edition.
- 2. Li, J. J., (2021). *Name Reactions: A Collection of Detailed Reaction Mechanism*. Springer; 6th edition.
- 3. Mundy, B. P., Ellerd, M. G., and Favaloro Jr, F. G., (2005). *Name Reactions and Reagents in Organic Synthesis*. John Wiley and Sons; 2nd edition.
- 4. Claydon, J., Gleeves, and N., Warren, S., (2014). *Organic Chemistry*. Oxford University Press, UK; 2nd edition.
- 5. Yadav, L. D. S., Singh, J., and Singh, J. (2017). Organic Synthesis, Pragati Prakashan, India
- 6. Norman, R. O. C., and Coxon, J. M. (2017). Principle of Organic Synthesis, CRC Press; 3rd edition.
- 7. Finar, I. L., (2012). Organic Chemistry. Pearson Education, UK.
- 8. Smith, M. B., (2020). *March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms, And Structure*. John Wiley and Sons; 8th edition.
- 9. Corey, E.J. and Cheng, X.-M.(2011). *The Logic of Chemical Synthesis*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 10. Fuhrhop, J. H., Penzlin, G., and Li, G., (2003). *Organic Synthesis: Concepts and Methods*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 11. Davies, S. G., (2013). Organotransition Metal Chemistry: Applications to Organic Synthesis: Applications to Organic Synthesis (Vol. 2). Elsevier.
- 12. Aitken, A., and Kilényi, S. N., (Eds.). (2012). Asymmetric Synthesis. Springer.
- 13. Sacramento, M., Costa, G. P., Barcellos, A. M., Perin, G., Lenardão, E. J., & Alves, D. (2021). Transition- metal- free C- S, C- Se, and C- Te Bond Formation from Organoboron Compounds. *The Chemical Record*.
- 14. Schettini, R., & Della Sala, G. (2021). New Trends in Asymmetric Catalysis. *Catalysts*, 2021, 11, 306.
- 15. Gulevich, A. V., Dudnik, A. S., Chernyak, N., and Gevorgyan, V., *Transition Metal-Mediated Synthesis of Monocyclic Aromatic Heterocycles*. Chemical Reviews, 2013, 113, 3084-3213.
- 16. Patil, N. T., and Yamamoto, Y., Coinage Metal-Assisted Synthesis of Heterocycles. Chemical Reviews, 2008, 108, 8, 3395-3442.
- 17. Farina, V., Reeves, J. T., Senanayake, C. H. and Song, J. J., Asymmetric Synthesis of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients, Chemical Reviews, 2006, 106, 7, 2734-2793.

Course Title: Organotransition Metal Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.576 Total Contact Hours: 45

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to

CLO1: The chemistry of transition metal complexes and compounds of transition metal-carbon multiple bonds

CLO2: Chemistry on alkyls and aryls of transition metals and fluxional organometallic compounds

CLO3: Workout on homogeneous catalysis with appropriate planning.

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 10 Hours	Compounds of Transition Metal-Carbon Multiple Bonds: Metal Carbenes (Alkylidenes) and carbynes (alkylidynes) complex-synthesis, nature of bond, structural characteristics, nucleophilic and electrophilic reaction on the ligands, role in organic synthesis. Brainstorming on logistics behind formation and stability of various transition metals compounds.	CLO1
Unit-2 15 Hours	Aliphatic Transition Metal Complexes: Transition metal complexes with alkyl and unsaturated organic molecules, alkenes, alkynes, allyl, diene, dienyl, and trienyl complexes, preparations, properties, nature of bonding and structural features important reactions relating to nucleophilic and electrophilic attack on ligands and to organic synthesis. Group discussion on stability and reactivity of Main group element vs Transition metal complexes with alkyl and unsaturated organic molecules.	CLO2
Unit-3 10 Hours	Aryls Transition Metal Complexes: Types, routes of synthesis, stability and decomposition pathways, applications in organic synthesis. Discussion on recent variants of well-established transition metal catalyzed reactions.	CLO3
Unit-4 10 Hours	Homogeneous Catalysis: homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation, Zeigler-Natta catalyst and stereospecific polymerization of olefins, catalytic reactions involving carbon monoxide such as hydrocarbonylation of olefins (oxo reaction) oxo-palladation reactions, activation of C-H bond. Peer group discussion on Transition metal based industrial processes.	CLO3

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Collman, J. P., Norton, J. R., Hegsdus, L. S. and Finke, R. G., (1987) *Principles and Application of Organotransition Metal Chemistry*. University Science Books.
- 2. Crabtree, R. G. (2011). *The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals*. John Wiley.
- 3. Mehrotra, R. C., and Singh, A., (2005). *OrganometallicChemistry*. New Age International.
- 4. Cotton, F. A., and Wilkinson, G., (1999). Advanced Inorganic Chemistry. John Wiley.
- 5. Pearson, A.J., (1985). Metallo-Organic Chemistry. Wiley.
- 6. Wu, X.-F., Neumann, H., and Beller, M., Synthesis of Heterocycles via Palladium-Catalyzed Carbonylations. Chemical Reviews 2013, 113, 1, 1-35.

7. Patil, N. T., and Yamamoto, Y., Coinage Metal-Assisted Synthesis of Heterocycles. Chemical Reviews 2008, 108, 8, 3395-3442.

Course Title: Medicinal Chemistry-I

Paper Code: CMC.510 Course Hours: 45h

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3	0	0	3

Learning Outcomes: After completing this course, the learner will be able to:

CLO1: Interpret basics concepts of drugs, their effects and screening.

CLO2: Describe drugs interaction with various types of enzymes and receptors

CLO3: Conceptualize the process of drug discovery and its progress

Units/ hours	Content	Mappin g with CLOs
Unit 1 10 Hours	History of drug discovery Introduction, Drug discoveries, Recent trends in drug discovery, Enzymes as drug targets, Membrane transporters as drug targets, Voltage-gated ion channels as drug targets	CLO1
	Exercise:Learner will be engaged in group discussion to explain history of drug discovery	
Unit 2 11 Hours	Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification, validation and diversity of drugtargets Biological drug targets Receptors, types, binding and activation, theories of drug receptor interaction, drug receptor interactions, agonist vs antagonists, artificialenzymes.	CLO2
	Measurement and expression of drug effects Introduction, In-vitro experiments, Ex-vivo experiments, In-vivo experiments. Exercise: Learner will be explained about drug interaction and target through molecular modeling studies	

Unit 3	Prodrug Design and Analogdesign	CLO3
Hours	Prodrug design	
nours	Basic concept, Carrier linked prodrugs/ Bioprecursors, Prodrugs of	
	functional group, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrugdesign. Combating drug resistance Causes for drug resistance, strategies to combat drug resistance in antibiotics and anticancer therapy, Genetic principles of	
	drugresistance. Analog Design	
	Introduction, Classical & Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies, rigidanalogs, alteration of chain branching, changes in ring size, ring position isomers, design of stereo isomers and geometric isomers, fragments of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance. Exercise: Learner will be engaged in Web based training to	
	familiarize with prodrug and analog design	
Unit 4 12 Hours	a) Medicinal chemistry aspects of the following class ofdrugs Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of following class ofdrugs: b). Anti-hypertensive drugs, Psychoactive drugs, Anticonvulsant drugs, H1 & H2 receptor antagonist, COX1 & COX2 inhibitors, Adrenergic & Cholinergic agents, Antineoplastic and Antiviral agents. c). Stereochemistry and Drug action: Realization that stereo selectivity is a pre-requisite for evolution. Role of chirality in selective and specific therapeutic agents. Case studies, enantioselectivity in drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution andelimination.	CLO3
	Exercise: Learner will be engaged in Group discussion to explain SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of drugs	

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Foye, W. C. (2019). Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, Publisher: Wolters Kluwer.
- 2. King, F. D. (2006). *Medicinal Chemistry Principles and Practice*, Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 3. Nogardy, T. and Weaver D F (2005). *Medicinal Chemistry: A Molecular and Biochemical Approach*, Oxford University Press.

- 4. Patrick, G.L. (2017). *An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry*, Publisher: Oxford university Press, UK.
- 5. Singh, H., Kapoor, V.K. *Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry* Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi.
- 6. Smith, H.J. (2006). *Introduction to the Principles of Drug Design and Action*, Taylor and Francis.
- 7. Wermuth, C.G. (2009). *The Practice of Medicinal Chemistry*, Academic Press (Elsevier).
- 8. Wolff, M E, Ed., (Latest Edition). *Burger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery* John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 9. Ferrant, E., (2011). *New Synthetic Technologies In Medicinal Chemistry*. Royal Chemical Society.
- 10. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, Vol I–VI.
- 11. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12th Edition, Lppincott Williams & Wilkins, Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, NewDelhi.
- 12. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry Corwin and Hansch.
- 13. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by Robert M Stroud and Janet. FMoore

The following are some of the modes of classroom transaction

- Lecture
- Group discussion
- Demonstration
- Team teaching

Transaction Mode

- Molecular Models
- PPT
- YouTube
- Softaware for *In silico* study
- Google meet

Course Title: Fundamentals of Computer Aided Drug Design

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Paper Code: CMC.523 Course Hours: 45h Learning outcome:

After completing this course, the learner will be able to:

CLO1: Describe the role of CADD in drug discovery

CLO2: Work with molecular modelling software's to design new drug molecules

CLO3: Design and develop new drug like molecules

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1 12 Hours	Introduction to Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD): History, different techniques and applications. Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Basics. History and development of QSAR: Physiochemical parameters and methods to calculate physiochemical parameters: Hammett equation and electronic parameters (sigma), lipoiphilicity effects and parameters (log P, pi-substituent constant), steric effects (Taft steric and MR parameters) Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of these physiochemical parameters. Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis and relationship between them, Advantages and disadvantages: Deriving 2D-QSAR equations. 3D- QSAR approaches and contour map analysis. Statistical methods used in QSAR analysis and importance of statistical parameters. Exercise: Learner will be engaged in group discussion to explain	CLO1
Unit 2	2D-QSAR, 3D-QSAR and importance of statistical parameters Molecular Modeling and Docking:	CLO2
11 Hours	 a) Molecular and Quantum Mechanics in drug design. b) Energy Minimization Methods: comparison between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation. c) Molecular docking and drug receptor interactions: rigid docking, flexible docking and extra-precision docking. Agents acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG-CoA reductase and HIV protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE) Exercise:Learner will be engaged in molecular modeling of compounds 	
Unit 3 10 Hours	Molecular Properties and Drug Design: a) Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design.	CLO3
	 b) De novo drug design: Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. c) Homology modelling and generation of 3D-structure of protein. 	
	Exercise:Learner will study Molecular model to explain interactions between ligand and drug target	

Unit 4	Pharmacophore Mapping and Virtual Screening: Concept of	CLO2,
12 Hours	pharmacophore, pharmacophore mapping, identification of	CLO3
	Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore's modelling;	
	Conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping. In-	
	silico Drug Design and Virtual Screening Techniques.	
	Similarity based methods and Pharmacophore based screening,	
	structure based In-silico virtual screening protocols.	
	Exercise: Learner will be engaged in Pharmacophore band structure based In-silico virtual screening protocols	

Suggested Readings

- 1. Ellis, G.P., West, G. B. (1983). *Progress in Medicinal Chemistry Series*. Elsevier Science.
- 2. Foye, W.O., Lemke, T. L., Williams, D. A. (2019). *Principles of Medicinal Chemistry*, Indian Ed. Waverly, Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Ganellin, C.R.; Roberts S. M., (1993). *Medicinal Chemistry: The Role of Organic Chemistry in Drug Research*. Publisher: Academics Press Inc.
- 4. Kadam, Mahadik, Bothara (2010). *Principle of Medicinal Chemistry (Volume I & II)*, Nirali publication
- 5. Kulkarni, V. M., Bothra, K.G., (2008). *Drug Design*, Nirali Publication.
- 6. Lawton, G., Witty, D.R. (2011). Progress in Medicinal Chemistry Series. Volume 50.
- 7. Lednicer D., Laster A. M. (1998). *The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis(3 Volumes)* John Wiley & Sons.
- 8. Lednicer, D. (2008). *Strategies for Organic Drug Synthesis and Design.* (7 volume) Publisher: John Wiley & Sons.
- 9. Lemke, T.L., Williams, D.A. (2012). Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
- 10. Silverman R.B., (2014). Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action, Publisher: Elsevier.
- 11. Wilson, C.O.; Block, J.H.; Gisvold, O.; Beale, J. M. Wilson and Gisvold's (2003) *Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry*. Lippincott Willaiams & Wikins.
- 12. Gore, M., & Jagtap, U. (2018). *Computational Drug Discovery and Design*. Springer Publishers.

The following are some of the modes of classroom transaction

- Lecture
- Group discussion
- Demonstration
- Team teaching
- Tutorial
- Self-learning

Transaction Mode

- PPT
- YouTube

Molecular modeling software

• Google drive

• Google meet

Course Code: BCH.508

Course Title: Biomolecules and Bioenergetics

Total Hours: 45

Learning outcomes: Students will be able to

CLO1: Demonstrate the concepts of biomolecules and bioenergetics, various components of cells which are essential for energy generation and their biosynthesis.

CLO2: Apply and effectively communicate scientific reasoning and data analysis in both written and oral forums related to biomolecules and energetics of biochemical processes.

CLO3: Describe and correlate biomolecules and bioenergetics

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Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit 1 12 Hours	Carbohydrate: Classification, structure, stereochemistry, chemical properties epimerization, anomerization and mutarotation and reaction of carbohydrates, functions of polysaccharides starch, glycogen, cellulose and chitin, complex carbohydrates; amino sugars, proteoglycans and glycoproteins. Lipids: Classification, structure, properties and functions of fats and fatty acids, essential fatty acids, phospholipids, sphingolipids, cerebrosides, steroids, bile acids, prostaglandins, lipoproteins, proteolipids, phosphatidopeptides, lipopolysaccharides. Peer discussion on the existence of these biomolecules in different organisms.	CLO1
Unit 2 11 Hours	Buffers and Proteins: Classification, structure and properties of amino acids. The concept of pH, dissociation and ionization of acids and bases, pKa, buffers and buffering mechanism, Henderson Hasselbalch equation, ionization of amino acids and proteins, measurement of pH. Classification and properties of proteins, sequencing of proteins Primary (peptide conformation, N- and C- terminal, peptide cleavage), Secondary (□-helix, sheet, random coil, Ramachandran plot), Tertiary and Quaternary structures of proteins. Thermodynamics of Protein folding, coagulation and denaturation of proteins. Presentations on buffers and proteins properties and its constituents.	CLO2
Unit 3 10 Hours	Nucleic acids: Structure of purines, pyrimidines, nucleosides and nucleotides. Structure, types and biological role of RNA and DNA. Primary, secondary, and tertiary structure of nucleic acids, DNA forms and conformations, UV absorption and Denaturation of DNA, C-value paradox, Cot curve analysis. In depth discussion on the role of DNA modification and its effects.	CLO3
Unit 4 12 Hours	Bioenergetics: Laws of Thermodynamics, Concept of free energy, standard free energy, determination of ΔG for a reaction. Relationship between equilibrium constant and standard free energy change, standard free energy change in coupled reactions. Biological oxidation-reduction reactions, redox potentials, relation between standard reduction potentials & free energy change. High energy phosphate compounds – introduction, phosphate group transfer, free energy of hydrolysis of ATP and sugar phosphates along with reasons for high ΔG. Group discussion on analysis of thermodynamic parameters.	CLO2, CLO3

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Outlines of Biochemistry. Eric E. Conn and Paul K. Stumpf (2006). 5th edition John Wiley and Sons, India edition.
- 2. Davidson, VL and Sittman, DB (1999) *Biochemistry* NMS, 4th ed. Lippincott. Willams and Wilkins.
- 3. Voet, D and Voet JG (2010) Biochemistry, 4th ed. Wiley
- 4. Rodwell V, Bender D, Botham KM, Kennelly PJ and Weil PA (2018) *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*. 31st ed. McGraw Hill.
- 5. Berg JM, Stryer L, Tymoczko JL, Gatto GJ (2018) Biochemistry, WH Freeman, 9th ed.
- 6. Lodish, H, Birk, A, et al. (2016) *Molecular Cell Biology*. 8th ed. WH Freeman.
- 7. Nelson DL and Cox MM (2017) *Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry*, 7th ed. WH Freeman.

Web resources:

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103121/
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iuW3nk5EADg
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZqoX2W1N6l0
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DhwAp6yQHQI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jLyi2K-29xU
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C0ky85Kk2Zc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fp1wKo72b2A
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zOO5qdpl24I

Modes of transaction

- -Lecture cum Demonstration
- -Problem solving approach
- -Self-Learning
- -Inquiry training
- -Co-operative learning

Tools used

PPT, You tube Video, Google meet, NPTE

Course Title: Dissertation Part-I

Paper Code: CHM.600 Total Contact Hours: 120

Course Outcome: The student would be able to

CLO1: Investigate various aspects related to the chemistry problem. **CLO2:** Generate interest in frontier areas of research in chemistry.

CLO3: Analyze the literature and bring forward the research gaps and propose hypotheses and tentative solutions.

Dissertation supervisor would be allocated at the start of the semester and entire dissertation would be undertaken in discussion with the supervisor. At the end of the semester the student has to prepare a research proposal/synopsis as per the university guidelines. Upon submission of the synopsis, the research proposal shall be evaluated based on a presentation of review of

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literature, research gap, objective, methodology and PERT Chart for the next semester for sections of experimental work and compilation of dissertation.

Course Title: Dissertation Part-II

Paper Code: CHM.601 Total Contact Hours: 600

Learning Outcome: The student would be able to

CLO1: Understand the lacunas in the methodology to experimentation.

CLO2: Independently plan and execute experiments in the laboratory set-up

CLO3: Analyze and interpret the results obtained through different experiments.

CLO4: Apply their expertise and specific skills in the frontier area of research.

As per the defined objectives in the research proposal/synopsis, the student would carry out his experimentation to achieve these goals. The student would get experiments evaluated by the supervisor regularly, wherein the progress of the student would be evaluated. Upon achieving the objectives of the synopsis, the dissertation would be prepared as per the university guidelines for M.Sc. Dissertation in consultation with the supervisor. Dissertation would be verified for plagiarism and submitted for evaluation by committee.

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Value Added Course (VAC)

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Course Title: Protein Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.528 Total Contact Hours: 30

Learning Outcome: The students will able to interpret and analyze

CLO1: Structure and biological functions of proteins.

CLO2: The role of metals in biology **CLO3:** Mechanism of protein folding

CLO4: The cause and treatment of neurodegenerative, iron metabolic disorder and diabetes.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1	Buffers; Amino Acids; Proteins: Function and Structure, Protein	CLO1
8 Hours	synthesis; Protein engineering and protein/protein interactions.	
	Group discussion regarding in-vivo and in vitro protein folding.	
Unit-2	Structure and function of hemoglobin, myoglobin and transferrin;	CLO2
7 Hours	Iron metabolic disorders (anemia, Sickle cell anemia, thalassemia,	
	hemochromatosis), Diabetes; Types of diabetes and its	
	causes/prevention/treatment, Interlink between iron metabolic	
	disorder and diabetes; Cancer and its causes/treatments.	
	Brainstorming regarding the role of metals in health and diseases	
	and interlink between iron metabolic disorder and diabetes.	
Unit-3	Protein folding and misfolding, Determination of protein structures	CLO3
7 Hours	and folding intermediates; In vitro analyses of off-pathway	
	aggregation and amyloid formation; Key chaperones and	
	chaperonins;	
	Peer group discussion on understanding how protein folds/misfolds	
77. 4. 4	and forms amyloid fibrillation and their treatment and diagnosis.	GT 0.4
Unit-4	Practical implications in biotechnology; Special emphasis on	CLO4
8 Hours	human protein deposition diseases including Alzheimer's,	
	Parkinson's and Huntington's disease.	
	Demonstration of role of chaperones and peptides on preventing	
	amyloid fibril formation in human natively disordered proteins.	

Mode of Transactions: Demonstration, Experimentation, handing instruments, Explanation of data

Suggested Readings

- 1. Donev, R. (2021) Advances in Protein Chemistry and Structural Biology-Protein Misfolding, Academic Press Inc.
- 2. Huheey, J. E., Keiter, E. A., Keiter, R. L., and Medhi, O. K. (2006). *Inorganic chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity*. Pearson Education India.
- 3. Douglas, B. E., and McDaniel, D. H. (1965). *Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 4. Cotton, F. A., and Wilkinson, G. (1988). *Advanced Inorganic Chemistry* (Vol. 545). New York: Wiley.
- 5. Elschenbroich, C. (2016). Organometallics. John Wiley and Sons.
- 6. Atkins, P., Overtone, T., Rourke, J., Weller, J., and Armstrong, F., (2010). *Shriver and Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry*. Oxford University Press.
- 7. Cowan, J. A. (1997). *Inorganic Biochemistry: An Introduction*. Wiley VCH.
- 8. Lippard, S. J. (1991). Progress in Inorganic Chemistry. Vol. 18, Wiley-Interscience.
- 9. Lippard, S. J. (1991). *Progress in Inorganic Chemistry*. Vol. 38, Wiley-Interscience.
- 10. Lesk, A. M., (2010). *Introduction to Protein Science: Architecture, Function, and Genomics*. Oxford University Press.
- 11. Cantor, C. R. and Schimmel, P. R., (1980). *Biophysical Chemistry*. Freeman.
- 12. Van Holde, K. E., Johnson, W.C., and Ho, P. S., (2006). *Principles of Physical Biochemistry*. Pearson Education.
- 13. Harding, S. E. and Chowdhry, B. Z. (2001). *Protein-Ligand Interactions*. Oxford University Press
- 14. https://sickle.bwh.harvard.edu/index.html
- 15. https://sickle.bwh.harvard.edu/iron_transport.html

Course Title: Biological Inorganic Chemistry

Paper Code: CHM.531 Total Contact Hours: 30

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to

CLO1: Determine the structure and biological functions of enzymes and metalloproteins.

CLO2: Classify the metallobiomolecules on the basis of their functional properties.

CLO3: Ascertain the role of metal ions and non-metals in the biological system.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 8 Hours	Co-ordination chemistry: Introduction to bioinorganic chemistry: biological roles of elements, Coordination Complexes, Characteristics of coordination compounds, Bonding in complexes, Coordination of metal ions in biological molecules. Pearson's Hard and Soft acids and bases: application to predict the stability of complexes.	CLO1
	Peer discussion of selection of specific metal ions by specific enzyme. Deliberation on the role of metal ions in stabilization of protein structures.	
Unit-2 7 Hours	Alkali and Alkaline earth metal ions in biological systems: Regulatory role of Na ⁺ and K ⁺ ions. Sodium-potassium ATP-ase, Natural and synthetic ligands for alkali metal ions, Lithium as antimania agent, Calcium metabolism (absorption, excretion, hormonal control), The calcium signal, calcium binding proteins, role of Mg ²⁺ in biological system, magnesium in cellular physiology.	CLO2
	Brainstorming on the role of various metal ions in the functioning of various enzymes.	
Unit-3 7 Hours	Transition metal ions in biological system: Biochemistry of iron, Iron metabolism (absorption, transport, storage, hemosiderosis, hemochromatosis), Iron in hemoglobin, Heme proteins, Cytochrome P-450, Non-heme iron containing proteins. Iron-sulfur clusters, iron storage and transport, ferritin, transferrin. Iron overload disorder. Role of Cu in biological systems (Ceruloplasmin, Cytochrome c oxidase, Cu-Zn-superoxide dismutase, Tyrosinase), Wilson's disease, Menkes disease. Role of Mn, Ni, Mo, Co and Zn (Zn-finger proteins,) in the biological system. Role of toxic metals like Pb, Hg and Cd in the biological system. Chelation therapy and application of Deferasirox, DMSA. Application of cis-platin and Myocrisin.	CLO3
	Group discussion on the role of metal ions in various disease conditions and chelation therapy.	

Unit-4	Inorganic chemistry of enzymes: Metalloporphyrins: Hemoglobin	CLO1
8 Hours	and myoglobin, nature of heme-dioxygen binding, model systems, cooperativity in hemoglobin, Bohr effect, structure and function of hemoglobin and myoglobin. Other iron-porphyrin biomolecules, peroxidases and catalases, cytochromes, cytochrome P450 enzymes, other natural oxygen carriers, hemerythrins, electron transfer. Metallothioneins: Ferredoxins, carboxypeptidase, carbonic anhydrase, blue copper proteins, superoxide dismutase and hemocyanins.	CLOI
	Group discussion on artificial Iron-sulfur clusters.	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming, Tutorial

Suggested Readings

- 1. Huheey, J. E., Keiter, E. A., Keiter, R. L., and Medhi, O. K. (2006). *Inorganic chemistry: principles of structure and reactivity*. Pearson Education India.
- 2. Douglas, B. E., and McDaniel, D. H. (1965). *Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. Cotton, F. A., and Wilkinson, G. (1988). *Advanced Inorganic Chemistry* (Vol. 545). New York: Wiley.
- 4. Elschenbroich, C. (2016). *Organometallics*. John Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Atkins, P., Overtone, T., Rourke, J., Weller, J., and Armstrong, F., (2010). *Shriver and Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry*. Oxford University Press.
- 6. Cowan, J.A. (1997). *Inorganic Biochemistry: An Introduction*. Wiley VCH.
- 7. Lippard, S. J. (1991). *Progress in Inorganic Chemistry*. Vol. 18, Wiley-Interscience.
- 8. Lippard, S. J. (1991). *Progress in Inorganic Chemistry*. Vols. 38, Wiley-Interscience.
- 9. Lesk, A.M., (2010). *Introduction to Protein Science: Architecture, Function, and Genomics*. Oxford University Press.
- 10. Cantor, C.R. and Schimmel, P.R., (1980). Biophysical Chemistry. Freeman.
- 11. Van Holde, K.E., Johnson, W.C., and Ho, P.S., (2006). *Principles of Physical Biochemistry*. Pearson Education.
- 12. Harding, S.E. and Chowdhry, B. Z. (2001). *Protein-Ligand Interactions*. Oxford University Press.
- 13. Kepp, K. P., Bioinorganic chemistry of Alzheimer 's disease. *Chem. Rev.* 2012, 112, 10, 5193-5239.
- 14. Snyder, B. E. R., Bols, M. L., Schoonheydt, R. A., Sels, B. F. and Solomon, E. I. Iron and Copper Active Sites in Zeolites and Their Correlation to Metalloenzymes. *Chem. Rev.* 2018, 118, 2718-2768.
- 15. Huang, X., and Groves, J. T., Oxygen Activation and Radical Transformations in Heme Proteins and Metalloporphyrins. *Chem. Rev.*, 2018, 118, 2491-2553.

Course Title: Spectroscopic and Chromatographic

Techniques

Paper Code: CHM.532 Total Contact Hours: 30

Learning Outcome: At the end of this course student will be able to

- **CLO1:** Explain the principle and instrumentation associated with various spectroscopic techniques.
- **CLO2:** Identify spectroscopic techniques and their use in various streams for structure identification.

Units/ hours	Content	Mapping with CLOs
Unit-1 8 Hours	UV-Visible spectroscopy: Electromagnetic spectrum. Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter and various transitions giving rise to ultraviolet and visible spectra. Intensity of bands. Instrumentation, theory and principle, how to run and analyze UV-Vis spectra. Infrared Spectroscopy: Theory and Instrumentation, Infrared radiation and its interaction with organic molecules, vibrational mode of bonds, Preparation of Samples for Infrared Spectroscopy, interpretation of IR spectra. Role of UV-Vis and IR techniques in research and industry through	CLO1, CLO2
TI 2	peer learning	CI O1
Unit-2 8 Hours	Mass spectrometry: Basic principle and brief outline of instrumentation. Application of Mass Spectroscopy in Pharmaceutical, agricultural practices metabolomics, geoscience, food and nutrition domains. Ion formation techniques: EI, CI, FAB, MALDI, fragmentation process of molecules. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS). Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS)	CLO1, CLO2
	Identification and interpretation of various peaks in the mass spectrum through demonstration.	
Unit-3 7 Hours	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy (NMR): Basic principle of NMR and instrumentation. chemical shift (shielding of the nuclei by the local electronic structure) and factors influencing chemical shift, reference standards and NMR solvents. spin-spin coupling, coupling constants. 13C NMR Spectroscopy.	CLO1, CLO2
	Interpretation of various peaks for structural identification through demonstration of various ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectrum.	
Unit-4	Chromatographic Techniques	CLO1,
7 Hours	Principles and Fundamentals of chromatography, Thin Layer chromatography, Column liquid chromatography. HPLC: Applications of HPLC for identification, quantification and purification of the individual components of the mixture, HPTLC, Ion exchange chromatography.	CLO2
	Latest research on the utility of HPLC and UPLC in pharmaceutical analysis of drugs through group presentation.	

Mode of Transactions: Lecture, Demonstration, Presentation, Group Discussion, Lecture cum demonstration, Problem solving, Brainstorming

Suggested Readings

- 1. Pavia, D. L., Lampman, G. M., Kriz, G. S., and Vyvyan, J. A. (2015). *Introduction to Spectroscopy*. Cengage Learning India Private Limited; 5th edition (14 January 2015).
- 2. Gross, J. H. (2017). *Mass Spectrometry: A Textbook*. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.
- 3. Kalsi, P. S. (2016). Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds. New Age International.
- 4. Kemp, W. (2019, 2nd edition). Organic Spectroscopy, ELBS. MACMILLAN
- 5. Melinda, J.D. (2010). *Introduction to Solid NMR Spectroscopy*. Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
- 6. Silverstein, R. M., Webster, F. X., Kiemle, D. J., and Bryce, D. L. (2014). *Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds*. John Wiley and sons.
- 7. Pretsch, E., Bühlmann, P., Badertscher, M. (2020). *Structure Determination of Organic Compounds*. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.
- 8. Webb, G. A. (2021). Annual Reports on NMR Spectroscopy. Elsevier
- 9. Corradini, D. (Ed.). (2016). Handbook of HPLC. CRC Press.
- 10. Priyanka, G., Sravani, G., & Kranthi, A. (2020). Overview on HPLC method development and standardization for drugs. *International Research Journal of Pharmaceutical and Applied Sciences*, 10(2), 15-18.